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Census of Retail Trade

RC82-C-21

Major Retail Centers
in Standard Metropolitan
Statistical Areas

Maryland



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The publications
from the 1982 Economic and
Agriculture Censuses are dedicated
to the memory of Shirley Kallek,
Associate Director for Economic Fields.
During her career at the Bureau of the
Census (1955 to 1983), she continually
directed efforts to improve
the timeliness and accuracy of
economic statistics.

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Issued February 1985



U.S. Department of Commerce
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**Charles A. Waite, Associate Director for
Economic Fields**

**John H. Berry, Assistant Director for
Economic and Agriculture Censuses**

BUSINESS DIVISION

Howard N. Hamilton, Chief

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INTRODUCTION

ECONOMIC CENSUSES OVER TIME

The early beginnings of America's industrial output were first measured in the United States in the 1810 Decennial Census and again in 1820, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Beginning with the 1840 Decennial Census, there were enumerations of manufactures and mineral industries at 10-year intervals up to and including the year 1900 for manufactures and 1940 for mineral industries. The latter census was again taken for 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967.

Because of the increasing dominance of manufacturing in the early 20th century, Congress directed that quinquennial censuses of manufactures be taken beginning in 1905. However, from 1919 through 1939, these censuses were conducted every 2 years. The need for war-related current surveys in the early 1940's postponed the next census of manufactures until 1948 (for 1947). That census was again taken for 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967.

Retail and wholesale trade data were first collected in 1930, and in 1933 information on selected service industries was added to the data-collection operation. These business censuses, as they were called, were again taken for 1935, 1939 (as part of the 1940 decennial program), 1948, 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967.

Information on construction industries was first obtained in 1930 and again for 1935 and 1939. Data for the full spectrum of construction industries were not gathered again until 1968 (for 1967).

The need for transportation data to supplement information available from existing governmental or private sources was recognized by Congress in the late 1950's and early 1960's. The census of transportation (consisting of several surveys) was first taken for 1963 and again for 1967.

Since 1967, all of the above censuses have been taken quinquennially as part of the Census Bureau's economic census program. (For the 1977 censuses, the coverage of the service industries was broadened from "selected services" to all services, except religious organizations and private households. A total of 41 additional four-digit standard industrial classifications¹ (SIC's) in 7 SIC major groups was added to the scope of the census. While most of the industries included for the first time for 1977 were covered again for 1982, some were not, i.e., hospitals; elementary and secondary schools; colleges, universities, and professional schools; junior colleges and technical institutes; labor unions and similar labor organizations; and political organizations.)

¹Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

The first manufacturing census for an outlying area was conducted in Puerto Rico for the year 1909. Thereafter, with the exception of 1929, a census was taken at 10-year intervals through 1949. The first censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, and selected service industries in Puerto Rico were conducted for 1939. These censuses also were taken for the years 1949, 1954, 1958, 1963, and 1967. A census of construction industries was first introduced in Puerto Rico for 1967. These censuses of Puerto Rico have been taken since then for the years 1972, 1977, and 1982.

Censuses of manufactures, retail trade, wholesale trade, and selected service industries were conducted in Guam and the Virgin Islands of the United States for 1958, 1963, 1967, 1972, 1977, and 1982. Censuses of mineral industries were taken in the Virgin Islands of the United States for the years 1958, 1963, and 1967 but not since that time. A census of construction industries was also undertaken in these areas for 1972, 1977, and 1982.

Retail trade, wholesale trade, selected service industries, manufacturing, and construction industries were canvassed for the first time in the Northern Mariana Islands in 1983 (for 1982).

For 1982, the economic censuses and agriculture censuses were conducted concurrently.

USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are the major source for facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy and provide essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. They provide an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross national product, input-output measures, indexes of industrial production, and indexes measuring productivity and price levels. Information from the censuses is used to establish sampling frames and as benchmarks for current surveys of business activity, which are essential for measuring short-term economic conditions.

State and local governments use census data to assess business activities within their jurisdictions. The private sector uses the data to forecast general economic conditions; analyze sales performance; lay out sales territories; allocate funds for advertising; decide on locations for new plants, warehouses, or stores; and measure potential markets in terms of size, geographic areas, kinds of business, and kinds of products made or sold.

Following every census, thousands of businesses and other users purchase reports. Likewise, census facts are widely disseminated by trade associations, business journals, and newspapers. Volumes containing census statistics are available in most major public and college libraries. All 1982 data are available on microfiche from the U.S. Government Printing Office and most data on computer tape from the Census Bureau. Finally, the more than 50 State Data Centers also are suppliers of economic census statistics.

AUTHORITY AND SCOPE OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are required by law under title 13 of the United States Code, sections 131, 191, and 224, which directs that they be taken at 5-year intervals for the years ending in 2 and 7. The 1982 Economic Censuses covered manufacturing, mining, construction industries, retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, and selected transportation activities. Special programs also cover minority-owned and women-owned businesses. The next economic censuses are scheduled to be taken in 1988 for the year 1987.

CENSUS OF RETAIL TRADE

The 1982 Census of Retail Trade, part of the 1982 Economic Censuses, covered retail trade as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual.¹ It included all establishments primarily engaged in selling merchandise for personal or household consumption and rendering services incidental to the sale of the goods. The census excluded governmental organizations classified in the covered industries except for liquor stores operated by State and local governments. Data for direct sellers (SIC 5963) with no paid employees and post exchanges, ship stores, and similar establishments operated on military posts by agencies of the Federal Government are not included. The basic tabulations in this report do not include data for establishments which are auxiliary (primary function is providing a service, such as warehouses) to retail establishments within the same organization. Data for auxiliaries are presented for selected industrial classifications in tables included in the United States Summary report of the Geographic Area series, RC82-A-52. Data for auxiliaries are presented for more detailed industry breakdowns in a subsequent report issued as part of the 1982 Enterprise Statistics reports.

For the 1982 Census of Retail Trade, large- and medium-size firms, plus all firms known to operate more than one establishment, were sent questionnaires to be completed and returned to the Bureau by mail. For most very small firms, including those with no paid employees, data from existing administrative records of other Federal agencies were used instead. These records provided basic information on location, kind of business, sales, payroll, number of employees, and legal form of organization. In addition, more detailed information for selected kinds of business was obtained on the various questionnaires.

Appendix A gives a more detailed explanation of census coverage and methodology.

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

This report represents a recompilation of data collected in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade into the two types of areas which have been delineated for the report: (1) central business districts (CBD's); and (2) major retail centers (MRC's). The report covers each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) in the State and presents statistics for these concentrations of retail stores located in each SMSA.

¹Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

Central Business District

A central business district, as defined by the Bureau, is the defined downtown retail area of an SMSA central city, or other SMSA city of 50,000 persons or more. A CBD is an area of very high land valuation; high concentration of retail businesses, offices, theaters, hotels, and "service" businesses; and high traffic flow. It is defined by existing census tract boundaries and consists of one or more whole census tracts, except for a few CBD's with census tracts which include areas outside the corporate limits of the city. In these cases, the CBD consists of only those portions of the census tracts within the corporate limits of the city. Census tracts are small, relatively permanent areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided to show comparable small-area statistics. Data for CBD's are published only in reports of the census of retail trade.

Major Retail Center

A major retail center is a concentration of at least 25 retail stores² located inside an SMSA but outside a CBD. At least one of the 25 stores must be a general merchandise store (SIC 53) with a minimum of 100,000 square feet of total under-roof floor space.³ MRC's include planned suburban shopping centers as well as unplanned centers such as older "string streets" (continuous businesses along a thoroughfare with few cross streets containing any businesses) and combinations of planned and unplanned centers. Where the MRC is a planned center, the boundaries encompass all retail stores in the center. Where the MRC is an unplanned center, each block within the boundaries should have at least one general merchandise store (SIC 53); apparel store (SIC 56); furniture, home furnishings and equipment store (SIC 57); or miscellaneous shopping goods store (SIC 594). MRC's are defined in SMSA's existing as of January 1, 1982. Data for MRC's are published only in reports of the census of retail trade.

Delineation

The delineation of central business districts and major retail centers was determined in consultation with local census statistical areas committees (CSAC's). A few CSAC's chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program so some eligible cities do not have CBD's. In areas where CSAC's did not participate in the MRC delineation program, the Bureau asked other local organizations to delineate MRC's and list stores in the delineated areas, following Bureau guidelines. Due to funding limitations, Bureau employees could not delineate MRC's in areas for which outside participation could not be obtained. Accordingly, no MRC statistics are presented in this report for a few areas which may have had qualifying MRC's.

Approximately 95 percent of all areas which may have had MRC's were delineated by CSAC's or by other local organizations. Appendix J identifies which areas were delineated by CSAC's; which areas were delineated by other interested organizations; and which areas were not delineated, either because there were no MRC's or because MRC delineation participation could not be obtained for the area.

²An MRC which had 25 stores or more at time enumeration was done may have had less than 25 stores at end of 1982. Thus, data may be shown for a few MRC's which have less than 25 stores.

³Minimum square footage criterion was waived in a few special cases at request of local CSAC.

Historical Data

The report on major retail centers was begun as a part of the 1954 Census of Business, which provided data for 95 CBD's. In the 1958 Census of Business, data were published for 109 CBD's and, for the first time, for 472 MRC's located in 97 SMSA's. The 1963 Census of Business included data for 131 CBD's and 972 MRC's located in 116 SMSA's. In the 1967 Census of Business, the program was expanded to cover all 230 SMSA's, containing 134 CBD's and 1,556 MRC's. The 1972 Census of Retail Trade covered 259 SMSA's, containing 144 CBD's and 2,137 MRC's.

For the first time, in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, CBD's and MRC's were delineated by using the definition described above. These new definitions caused a slight modification in the scope of the 1977 program, which covered 272 SMSA's containing 386 CBD's and 1,464 MRC's.

There was no change in the scope of the program in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade. The number of SMSA's covered increased to 315, and included 456 CBD's and approximately 1,550 MRC's.

CENSUS DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing census reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual establishment or business. However, the number of establishments in a kind-of-business classification is not considered a disclosure so this item may be released even though other information is withheld.

For every CBD and MRC, statistics on sales, payroll, and number of employees are presented for all kind-of-business lines which do not require suppression to avoid disclosing data for individual companies. However, since most MRC's and several CBD's tend to have a relatively small number of establishments, it generally is not possible to provide separate kind-of-business data (except for establishment counts) for these small areas without disclosing the operations of individual establishments. For this reason, additional sales data are shown for the following kind-of-business groups:

1. Convenience goods stores, i.e., food stores (SIC 54), eating and drinking places (SIC 58), and drug and proprietary stores (SIC 591).
2. Shopping goods (GAF) stores, i.e., general merchandise stores (SIC 53), apparel and accessory stores (SIC 56), furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores (SIC 57), and miscellaneous shopping goods stores (SIC 594).
3. All other stores (SIC's 52, 55, and 59, except 591 and 594).

GEOGRAPHIC AREAS COVERED

This series of reports presents data for establishments located in CBD's and MRC's in SMSA's in each State. The SMSA's included in the 1982 MRC program are those defined by the Office of Management and Budget as of January 1, 1982, except for three areas which did not have any MRC's or CBD's for 1982: Glens Falls, N.Y.; Jacksonville, N.C.; and Santa Cruz, Calif.

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

MRC statistics are presented for all areas within SMSA's for which a local group delineated qualifying MRC's. For any MRC's which existed in 1977 and which still qualified but were not delineated for the 1982 program, unpublished 1982 MRC statistics are available. These statistics may be obtained by submitting a written request to the Chief, Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

CBD statistics are presented for all eligible cities for which the local CSAC defined the area known as the "central business district."

For all SMSA's in the State for which MRC and/or CBD data are presented, data are also shown for each SMSA, each central city, and all other SMSA cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more for which a CBD was defined by a local CSAC. Data for SMSA's which cross State lines appear only in the State report for the State in which the SMSA is primarily located.

DESCRIPTIONS OF SPECIFIC CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICTS AND MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

The boundaries of each central business district and major retail center are described in appendix I. Boundaries begin with the north boundary and continue clockwise through all the boundaries.

DOLLAR VALUES

All dollar values presented in this report are expressed in current dollars, i.e., 1982 data are expressed in 1982 dollars and 1977 data in 1977 dollars. Consequently, when making comparisons to prior years, users should consider the inflation that has occurred.

RELIABILITY OF DATA

All data compiled in this report originated from either census questionnaires or administrative records of other Federal agencies and, therefore, are not subject to sampling errors. However, the data are subject to nonsampling errors. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to identify all cases in the actual universe; definition and classification difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; errors in recording or coding the data obtained; and other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation for missing or misreported data.

The accuracy of these tabulated data is determined by the joint effects of the various nonsampling errors. No direct measurement of these effects has been obtained except for estimation of missing or misreported data. However, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize the effects of nonsampling errors.

The Bureau of the Census obtains on computer tape limited information extracted from administrative records of other Federal agencies. This information is used in conjunction with other information available to the Census Bureau to develop estimates for nonemployers, small employers, and other establishments for which responses were not received in time for publication. See appendix A for a more complete explanation of census coverage and methodology.

INTRODUCTION V

MICROFICHE

The data in this report series are also available on microfiche. Microfiche reports are sold by the U.S. Government Printing Office.

SPECIAL TABULATIONS

Special tabulations of data collected in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade may be obtained, depending on availability of time and personnel, on computer tape or in tabular form. The data will be in summary form and subject to the same rules prohibiting disclosure of confidential information (including name, address, kind of business, or other data for individual business establishments or companies) as are the regular publications.

Special tabulations are prepared on a cost basis. A request for a cost estimate, as well as exact specifications on the type and format of the data to be provided, should be directed to the Chief, Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

To discuss a special tabulation before submitting specifications, call 301-763-5282.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

—	Represents zero.
(D)	Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies; data are included in broader kind-of-business totals.
(IC)	Independent city.
(NA)	Not available.
(NC)	Not comparable.
(S)	Withheld because estimates did not meet publication standards on basis of either response rate, associated standard error, or a consistency review.
CBD	Central Business District.
MRC	Major Retail Center.
n.e.c.	Not elsewhere classified.
pt.	Part.
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification.
SMSA	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Users' Guide for Locating Statistics in This Report by Table Number

Information shown in tables	Table		
	1	2	3
GEOGRAPHIC AREAS			
SMSA's in the State	X		
CBD's in SMSA's	X	X	
Places with CBD's in SMSA's	X		
MRC's in SMSA's	X		X
DATA ITEMS¹			
All establishments:			
Establishments	X	X	X
Sales	X	X	X
Establishments with payroll:			
Establishments	X	X	X
Sales	X	X	X
Annual payroll	X	X	X
First quarter payroll		X	X
Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 1982	X	X	X

¹See Explanation of Terms, appendix A.

Users' Guide for Locating Statistics in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade Reports

Report and geographic area	Information shown in reports by kind of business or industry category										
	Number of establishments	Sales (\$1,000)	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number of employees	Sales per capita and selected ratios	Merchandise line sales	Sales size and employment size of establishments and firms	Concentration ratios of largest firms	Single units and multi-units	Legal form of organization	Selected topics
GEOGRAPHIC AREA SERIES											
United States	X	X	X	X	X						
State	X	X	X	X	X						
SCSA	X	X	X	X							
SMSA	X	X	X	X							
County	X	X	X	X							
Place	X	X	X	X							
MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS											
SMSA	X	X									
City	X	X	X	X							
CBD	X	X	X	X							
MRC	X	X	X	X							
ESTABLISHMENT AND FIRM SIZE (INCLUDING LEGAL FORM OF ORGANIZATION)											
United States	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	
MEASURES OF VALUE PRODUCED, CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, DEPRECIABLE ASSETS, AND OPERATING EXPENSES											
United States		X	X							X	¹ X
MERCHANDISE LINE SALES											
United States	X	X				X					
State	² X	² X				² X					
SMSA	² X	² X				² X					
MISCELLANEOUS SUBJECTS											
United States	X	X	X	X							³ X
State	X	X	X	X							³ X
SMSA	X	X	X	X							³ X

¹ Includes value produced, capital expenditures, depreciable assets, and selected operating expenses detail.

² Data available in printed form only for the United States and selected SMSA's based on volume of retail sales. Data for other areas are available only on microfiche.

³ For the United States, States, and SMSA's, includes data on number of gasoline pumps and gallon sales of gasoline and other automotive fuels as well as establishments offering self-service sale of gasoline; on waiter or waitress service, seating capacity and average cost per meal; and on the number of pharmacists, number of prescriptions filled, and percent of prescriptions paid for by third parties. For the United States and States only, includes data on types of food service, franchise holders, concession operators, contract feeding and automatic merchandising machine operators; and on the gallon sales of fuels, LP gas bulk storage capacity, and number of establishments selling bottled LP gas.

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The following tables are common to each SMSA which has either a central business district and/or at least one major retail center. Applicable tables have been omitted in SMSA's where both central business districts and major retail centers did not exist.

TABLES

1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982
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Publication Program Inside back cover

-- Not applicable.

THEORY

CHAPTER I

THEORY OF THE EARTH AND ITS HISTORY

THE EARTH IS A SPHERE, AND ITS SURFACE IS COVERED BY A THIN LAYER OF WATER, WHICH IS CALLED THE OCEAN. THE LAND IS DIVIDED INTO CONTINENTS AND ISLANDS. THE CLIMATE OF THE EARTH IS DETERMINED BY THE POSITION OF THE SUN AND THE WINDS. THE EARTH HAS A CORE, WHICH IS BELIEVED TO BE MADE OF IRON AND NICKEL. THE EARTH IS COVERED BY A THIN LAYER OF AIR, WHICH IS CALLED THE ATMOSPHERE. THE ATMOSPHERE IS DIVIDED INTO LAYERS, WHICH ARE CALLED THE TROPOSPHERE, STRATOSPHERE, AND MESOSPHERE. THE EARTH HAS A GRAVITY, WHICH ATTRACTS ALL OBJECTS TOWARDS IT. THE EARTH IS COVERED BY A THIN LAYER OF SOIL, WHICH IS CALLED THE CRUST. THE CRUST IS DIVIDED INTO PLATES, WHICH MOVE TOWARDS AND AWAY FROM EACH OTHER. THE EARTH HAS A HISTORY, WHICH IS STUDIED BY GEOLOGISTS. THE HISTORY OF THE EARTH IS DIVIDED INTO PERIODS, WHICH ARE CALLED THE PRECAMBRIAN, PALEOZOIC, MESOZOIC, AND CENOZOIC. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF PLANTS AND ANIMALS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY BIOLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF CLIMATES, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY CLIMATOLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF LANDSCAPES, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY GEOGRAPHERS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF MINERALS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY MINERALOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF ROCKS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY PETROLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF SOILS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY PEDOLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF WEATHERS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY METEOROLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF CLIMATES, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY CLIMATOLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF LANDSCAPES, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY GEOGRAPHERS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF MINERALS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY MINERALOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF ROCKS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY PETROLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF SOILS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY PEDOLOGISTS. THE EARTH HAS A VARIETY OF WEATHERS, WHICH ARE STUDIED BY METEOROLOGISTS.

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Baltimore		Major retail centers				
			City	Central business district	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}:								
	Number	15 441	5 340	509	90	79	87	162	52
	Sales (\$1,000)	9 915 507	2 644 296	238 706	138 521	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	1 198 249	357 241	43 394	15 470	11 645	22 916	18 579	8 864
	Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 1982	142 656	42 472	5 273	1 958	1 541	2 281	2 368	884
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²:								
	Number	11 252	3 926	459	90	79	85	159	51
	Sales (\$1,000)	9 749 834	2 572 814	235 244	138 521	63 849	192 892	117 263	73 567
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores:								
	Number	4 778	1 997	237	18	12	25	38	14
	Sales (\$1,000)	3 526 452	1 071 866	79 636	(D)	5 981	60 978	14 399	34 366
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF)^{4 5}:								
	Number	3 077	895	167	63	59	37	110	24
	Sales (\$1,000)	2 354 024	522 728	123 860	69 815	76 217	78 453	98 804	22 653
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	All other stores:								
	Number	3 397	1 034	55	9	8	23	13	13
	Sales (\$1,000)	3 869 358	978 220	31 748	(D)	1 651	53 461	4 060	16 548
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS								
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}	15 441	5 340	509	90	79	87	162	52
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²	11 252	3 926	459	90	79	85	159	51
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	446	112	1	2	1	5	1	2
525	Hardware stores	145	52	-	1	-	1	-	1
52 ex. 525	Other	301	60	1	1	1	4	-	1
53	General merchandise group stores	218	63	9	4	2	3	5	1
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁶	88	15	3	4	2	3	3	-
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁶	88	15	3	4	2	3	3	-
533	Variety stores	58	24	4	-	-	-	1	1
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	72	24	2	-	-	-	1	-
54	Food stores⁷	1 498	576	52	8	3	7	10	7
541	Grocery stores	992	362	15	2	-	6	1	4
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	615	148	1	3	-	7	-	2
554	Gasoline service stations	857	205	-	-	-	5	-	2
56	Apparel and accessory stores	1 238	418	74	38	37	7	59	13
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	187	85	15	6	8	-	8	1
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	428	133	22	12	13	2	23	6
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	343	102	13	10	11	2	20	5
565	Family clothing stores	123	42	7	4	5	-	6	1
566	Shoe stores	395	124	24	13	9	3	19	3
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	105	34	6	3	2	2	3	2
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	726	181	29	7	5	17	18	3
5712	Furniture stores	206	55	7	1	-	10	3	1
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	202	42	2	1	1	4	8	-
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	318	84	20	5	4	3	9	2
58	Eating and drinking places	2 863	1 255	174	10	8	17	23	6
5812	Eating places	2 135	818	139	10	8	15	23	6
5813	Drinking places	728	437	35	-	-	2	-	-
591	Drug and proprietary stores	417	168	11	2	1	1	3	1
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores⁸	2 374	802	108	18	22	18	40	14
592	Liquor stores	497	242	5	1	-	2	1	2
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁹	895	233	55	14	15	10	28	7
5944	Jewelry stores	165	46	19	5	5	1	6	1
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	199	51	8	2	3	1	8	2
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	77	12	-	-	1	3	3	1
5992	Florists	150	42	3	-	-	-	2	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers—Con.							
		No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10	No. 11	No. 12	No. 13
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}:								
	Number	51	113	157	65	31	154	91	113
	Sales (\$1,000)	42 969	(D)	(D)	(D)	24 677	136 242	(D)	(D)
	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	5 034	13 951	17 496	7 201	2 747	17 391	12 128	11 595
	Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 1982	891	2 009	2 563	1 031	356	1 863	1 606	1 823
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²:								
	Number	51	110	155	64	31	147	90	112
	Sales (\$1,000)	42 969	100 187	117 650	62 212	24 677	135 591	89 076	77 781
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores:								
	Number	14	28	30	17	9	43	20	30
	Sales (\$1,000)	10 431	29 907	9 497	20 728	15 176	24 117	28 798	12 195
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF)^{4 5}:								
	Number	31	62	113	25	13	67	55	74
	Sales (\$1,000)	30 790	60 084	106 152	22 540	6 195	74 248	49 581	64 543
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	All other stores:								
	Number	6	20	12	22	9	37	15	8
	Sales (\$1,000)	1 748	10 196	2 001	18 944	3 306	37 226	10 697	1 043
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS								
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}	51	113	157	65	31	154	91	113
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²	51	110	155	64	31	147	90	112
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	-	3	-	4	1	3	2	-
525	Hardware stores	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-
52 ex. 525	Other	-	2	-	3	1	3	1	-
53	General merchandise group stores	3	7	5	2	1	2	3	2
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{5 6}	1	4	5	2	1	2	1	2
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵	1	4	5	2	1	2	1	2
533	Variety stores	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
54	Food stores⁷	3	8	9	6	4	13	5	9
541	Grocery stores	2	4	-	4	4	6	2	2
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	-	3	-	5	2	9	3	-
554	Gasoline service stations	1	1	-	6	2	5	2	-
56	Apparel and accessory stores	19	26	57	11	5	39	34	46
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	4	2	8	1	-	5	6	6
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	7	8	18	3	3	18	12	14
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	5	7	15	3	3	11	12	12
565	Family clothing stores	3	4	5	-	-	4	2	4
566	Shoe stores	5	10	22	6	2	11	11	20
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	-	2	4	1	-	1	3	2
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	2	17	19	8	3	11	7	8
5712	Furniture stores	-	3	4	2	2	2	-	1
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	-	3	8	-	-	4	3	2
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	2	11	7	4	1	5	4	5
58	Eating and drinking places	10	17	20	9	4	27	13	19
5812	Eating places	10	17	20	9	4	24	13	19
5813	Drinking places	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
591	Drug and proprietary stores	1	3	1	2	1	3	2	2
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores⁸	12	25	44	13	8	35	19	26
592	Liquor stores	-	1	-	1	1	2	2	-
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁹	7	12	32	6	4	15	11	18
5944	Jewelry stores	3	3	12	-	1	4	4	7
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	2	4	8	1	2	3	2	3
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	-	2	1	2	1	1	-	1
5992	Florists	1	1	1	-	-	3	1	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. **Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.**

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers—Con.						
		No. 14	No. 15	No. 16	No. 17	No. 18	No. 19	No. 20
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}:							
	Number	107	69	120	28	27	81	70
	Sales (\$1,000)	209 404	(D)	93 379	51 866	12 489	(D)	139 013
	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	20 138	12 341	12 540	6 371	2 151	9 825	15 798
	Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 1982	2 708	1 628	1 708	677	335	1 313	1 768
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²:							
	Number	107	68	117	28	27	79	70
	Sales (\$1,000)	209 404	126 475	93 289	51 866	12 489	75 174	139 013
54, 56, 591	Convenience goods stores:							
	Number	18	21	33	4	5	19	17
	Sales (\$1,000)	15 478	39 577	28 194	(D)	1 757	7 423	33 973
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF)^{4 5}:							
	Number	78	35	64	20	17	55	42
	Sales (\$1,000)	122 236	32 268	50 972	43 840	9 510	64 956	91 313
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	All other stores:							
	Number	11	12	20	4	5	5	11
	Sales (\$1,000)	71 690	54 630	14 123	(D)	1 222	2 795	13 727
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS							
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}	107	69	120	28	27	81	70
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²	107	68	117	28	27	79	70
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	1	3	2	-	1	1	2
525	Hardware stores	-	-	1	-	1	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other	1	3	1	-	-	1	2
53	General merchandise group stores	5	3	5	3	1	3	4
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{5 6}	4	2	2	3	1	3	3
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵	4	2	2	3	1	3	3
533	Variety stores	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
54	Food stores⁷	6	9	13	2	3	5	5
541	Grocery stores	1	5	6	1	-	1	3
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	2	4	5	1	-	-	-
554	Gasoline service stations	3	1	7	2	-	-	2
56	Apparel and accessory stores	47	17	36	8	8	29	19
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	8	1	4	-	1	2	3
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	14	10	13	2	1	11	5
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	11	9	9	2	1	8	3
565	Family clothing stores	4	-	3	-	1	5	1
566	Shoe stores	15	6	13	4	2	11	7
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	6	-	3	2	1	-	3
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	7	11	3	2	7	7
5712	Furniture stores	1	2	1	-	1	2	1
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	2	1	3	1	-	1	2
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	4	7	2	1	4	4
58	Eating and drinking places	11	10	18	1	2	13	11
5812	Eating places	10	9	18	1	2	13	11
5813	Drinking places	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
591	Drug and proprietary stores	1	2	2	1	-	1	1
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores⁸	24	12	18	7	12	20	19
592	Liquor stores	-	3	1	-	1	1	1
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁹	19	8	12	6	8	16	12
5944	Jewelry stores	7	2	4	1	1	4	3
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	6	-	3	1	1	6	4
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
5992	Florists	-	-	1	-	-	-	-

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.
²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.
³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.
⁴Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.
⁵Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.
⁶Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.
⁷May include data not covered by SIC 541.
⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.
⁹May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments		Sales		Annual payroll		First quarter payroll		Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	BALTIMORE CBD										
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	509	502	238 706	237 432	43 394	43 046	10 492	10 417	5 273	5 231
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	459	452	235 244	233 970	43 394	43 046	10 492	10 417	5 273	5 231
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
525	Hardware stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores	9	9	31 337	31 332	5 571	5 554	1 325	1 323	682	881
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	3	3	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴	3	3	20 082	20 082	4 026	4 026	976	976	496	496
533	Variety stores	4	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁶	52	52	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores	15	15	6 366	6 366	908	908	207	207	120	120
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
554	Gasoline service stations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
56	Apparel and accessory stores	74	71	51 408	51 388	7 538	7 474	1 862	1 857	784	780
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	15	15	17 427	17 424	2 798	2 794	807	806	293	292
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	22	21	15 184	15 179	2 241	2 216	522	521	238	237
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	13	12	11 513	11 808	1 637	1 612	396	385	182	181
565	Family clothing stores	7	6	9 290	9 283	1 117	1 095	220	218	105	104
566	Shoe stores	24	23	8 750	8 746	1 306	1 294	294	293	126	126
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	6	6	757	756	76	75	19	19	22	21
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	29	29	20 489	20 483	3 303	3 297	834	833	314	312
5712	Furniture stores	7	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	20	20	12 161	12 161	1 393	1 393	343	343	125	125
58	Eating and drinking places	174	174	49 969	49 968	13 998	13 997	3 331	3 330	2 246	2 245
5812	Eating places	139	139	44 554	44 553	12 339	12 338	2 950	2 949	1 979	1 978
5813	Drinking places	35	35	5 415	5 415	1 659	1 659	381	381	267	267
591	Drug and proprietary stores	11	11	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁷	108	104	52 210	50 969	9 488	9 227	2 284	2 218	770	738
592	Liquor stores	5	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁸	55	52	20 626	19 689	3 490	3 339	815	783	332	317
5944	Jewelry stores	19	17	10 362	9 802	1 751	1 672	436	419	138	132
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	8	8	1 510	1 429	268	249	60	54	35	33
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5992	Florists	3	3	442	371	97	89	34	20	13	8

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁶May include data not covered by SIC 541.

⁷May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 3. **Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982**

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 1					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	90	138 521	15 470	3 389	1 958
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	90	138 521	15 470	3 389	1 958
53	General merchandise group stores	4	34 937	5 028	1 067	759
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴	4	34 937	5 028	1 067	759
56	Apparel and accessory stores	38	16 318	1 908	442	271
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	6	1 911	315	81	48
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	12	6 202	617	154	104
565	Family clothing stores	4	2 431	258	55	36
566	Shoe stores	13	5 010	593	131	68
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	3	764	125	21	15
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	10 273	806	193	92
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	5	9 092	569	149	62
58	Eating and drinking places	10	6 351	1 238	265	245
5812	Eating places	10	6 351	1 238	265	245
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	18	9 579	1 140	266	157
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	14	8 287	920	211	127
5944	Jewelry stores	5	2 014	290	64	33
	MRC NO. 2					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	79	(D)	11 645	2 749	1 541
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	79	83 849	11 645	2 749	1 541
56	Apparel and accessory stores	37	15 822	1 928	465	321
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	13	6 442	697	174	145
565	Family clothing stores	5	2 710	284	59	42
566	Shoe stores	9	3 593	504	123	56
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	5	2 968	321	89	37
58	Eating and drinking places	8	3 574	924	212	192
5812	Eating places	8	3 574	924	212	192
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	22	8 127	1 218	290	141
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	15	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5944	Jewelry stores	5	2 211	375	98	36
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	3	1 120	141	35	25
	MRC NO. 3					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	87	(D)	22 916	5 896	2 281
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	85	192 892	22 916	5 896	2 281
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	5	3 908	477	111	71
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	7	39 857	3 836	847	215
554	Gasoline service stations	5	5 862	145	32	23
56	Apparel and accessory stores	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores	3	910	137	31	21
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	17	18 853	4 296	1 318	253
5712	Furniture stores	10	13 720	3 380	1 109	196
58	Eating and drinking places	17	10 855	2 460	591	609
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	18	14 080	1 350	309	155
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	10	10 248	856	185	107
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	3	869	123	28	18

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
MRC NO. 4						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	182	(D)	16 579	3 860	2 368
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	159	117 283	16 579	3 860	2 368
53	General merchandise group stores	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	3	50 016	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	59	26 421	3 708	793	490
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	8	2 763	431	103	53
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	23	9 182	1 060	246	185
565	Family clothing stores	8	5 441	899	147	96
566	Shoe stores	19	7 246	1 129	251	117
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	3	1 809	189	46	39
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	18	11 036	1 326	330	138
5712	Furniture stores	3	4 693	445	115	34
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	8	1 293	200	54	42
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	9	5 050	681	181	62
58	Eating and drinking places	23	9 689	2 294	563	507
5812	Eating places	23	9 689	2 294	563	507
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	40	13 959	2 215	517	298
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	28	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5944	Jewelry stores	6	2 694	498	129	50
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	8	2 453	291	70	61
MRC NO. 5						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	52	(D)	8 864	2 063	884
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	51	73 567	8 864	2 063	884
54	Food stores	7	31 249	3 196	713	203
56	Apparel and accessory stores	13	7 177	939	221	139
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	3	892	127	11	3
58	Eating and drinking places	8	1 836	435	109	91
5812	Eating places	6	1 836	435	109	91
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	14	4 268	633	182	101
MRC NO. 6						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	51	42 969	5 034	1 224	891
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	51	42 969	5 034	1 224	891
58	Apparel and accessory stores	19	8 911	934	209	136
582, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	7	3 603	314	73	52
566	Shoe stores	5	2 520	250	58	33
58	Eating and drinking places	10	3 414	724	183	171
5812	Eating places	10	3 414	724	183	171
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	12	3 605	578	127	89
MRC NO. 7						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	113	(D)	13 951	3 262	2 009
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	110	100 187	13 951	3 262	2 009
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	3	1 566	236	58	26
53	General merchandise group stores	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	4	38 097	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
54	Food stores	8	19 232	2 070	477	165
541	Grocery stores	4	18 724	1 973	456	142
56	Apparel and accessory stores	26	9 356	1 224	294	233
582, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	8	3 870	389	105	88
565	Family clothing stores	4	2 503	387	97	58
566	Shoe stores	10	2 457	314	70	53
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	17	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	11	4 280	519	118	53

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 7—Con.					
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores.....	25	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	12	4 404	668	153	99
5944	Jewelry stores.....	3	954	218	50	21
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	4	900	133	32	25
	MRC NO. 8					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	157	(D)	17 496	4 107	2 563
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	155	117 650	17 496	4 107	2 563
53	General merchandise group stores	5	72 467	10 114	2 400	1 381
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	5	73 075	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	5	72 467	10 114	2 400	1 381
56	Apparel and accessory stores	57	18 528	2 505	581	394
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	8	2 544	532	124	72
562, 3, 6	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers.....	16	6 515	710	172	145
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	15	6 027	628	148	120
565	Family clothing stores	5	2 236	259	52	38
566	Shoe stores.....	22	5 834	666	203	110
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	4	1 399	138	30	29
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	19	6 682	971	220	115
5712	Furniture stores	4	1 607	230	50	22
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores.....	6	1 856	337	61	52
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores.....	7	3 219	404	69	41
58	Eating and drinking places	20	7 139	1 609	375	335
5812	Eating places	20	7 139	1 609	375	335
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores.....	44	10 476	1 905	438	260
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	32	8 475	1 381	314	200
5944	Jewelry stores.....	12	3 705	746	177	85
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	6	1 691	254	46	41
	MRC NO. 9					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	65	(D)	7 201	1 764	1 031
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	64	62 212	7 201	1 764	1 031
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	4	2 025	329	66	34
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers.....	5	3 682	572	137	44
554	Gasoline service stations	6	11 667	664	166	65
56	Apparel and accessory stores	11	3 421	503	116	98
562, 3, 6	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers.....	3	1 590	236	56	49
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	3	1 590	238	56	49
58	Eating and drinking places	9	4 204	873	216	214
5812	Eating places	9	4 204	873	216	214
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores.....	13	3 167	490	127	70
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	6	1 617	220	53	36
	MRC NO. 10					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	31	24 677	2 747	655	356
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	31	24 677	2 747	655	356
54	Food stores.....	4	12 702	1 110	272	113
541	Grocery stores	4	12 702	1 110	272	113
56	Apparel and accessory stores	5	1 350	191	42	41
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores.....	8	1 564	209	41	31

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
MRC NO. 11						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	154	136 242	17 391	4 016	1 863
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	147	135 591	17 391	4 016	1 863
54	Food stores	13	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores	6	11 901	1 231	321	106
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	9	23 580	2 456	594	140
56	Apparel and accessory stores	39	24 862	3 832	894	398
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	5	6 468	735	150	80
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	18	7 947	1 293	288	179
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	11	4 018	561	132	86
566	Shoe stores	11	5 088	805	180	77
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	11	7 851	1 023	255	91
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	5	5 236	471	124	50
58	Eating and drinking places	27	8 987	2 351	573	487
5812	Eating places	24	8 250	2 171	517	448
5813	Drinking places	3	737	180	56	39
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	35	14 448	2 396	587	216
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	15	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5944	Jewelry stores	4	2 100	346	78	30
5992	Florists	3	401	62	14	9
MRC NO. 12						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	91	(D)	12 128	2 926	1 606
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	90	89 076	12 128	2 926	1 606
53	General merchandise group stores	3	25 525	3 465	863	476
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	3	2 406	549	134	25
56	Apparel and accessory stores	34	15 613	2 102	530	309
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	6	1 947	243	57	38
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	12	6 487	816	189	140
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	12	6 487	816	189	140
566	Shoe stores	11	3 641	567	178	65
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	4 847	434	108	57
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	3	392	53	13	9
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	4 455	381	95	48
58	Eating and drinking places	13	7 294	1 625	378	339
5812	Eating places	13	7 294	1 625	378	339
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	19	8 870	1 146	268	145
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	11	3 596	551	129	71
5944	Jewelry stores	4	1 596	271	63	25
MRC NO. 13						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	113	(D)	11 595	2 525	1 823
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	112	77 781	11 595	2 525	1 823
56	Apparel and accessory stores	46	12 820	1 905	430	279
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	14	4 989	693	161	126
565	Family clothing stores	4	1 904	252	55	34
566	Shoe stores	20	4 369	685	164	92
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	8	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	5	1 797	182	40	19
58	Eating and drinking places	19	6 664	1 583	409	379
5812	Eating places	19	6 664	1 583	409	379
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	26	5 658	965	210	157
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	18	4 615	739	163	139
5944	Jewelry stores	7	1 183	352	76	45
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	3	693	101	23	43

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 14					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	107	209 404	20 138	4 575	2 708
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	107	209 404	20 138	4 575	2 708
53	General merchandise group stores	5	85 082	10 860	2 509	1 571
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	4	80 643	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
554	Gasoline service stations	3	5 732	177	36	23
56	Apparel and accessory stores	47	23 776	2 598	588	413
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	8	4 014	537	126	73
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	14	9 736	839	187	177
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	11	9 354	774	170	182
565	Family clothing stores	4	3 087	272	58	39
566	Shoe stores	15	5 421	696	173	91
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	6	1 518	252	44	33
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	4 877	643	172	82
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	3 299	408	110	45
58	Eating and drinking places	11	4 573	983	220	245
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	24	9 809	1 418	318	177
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	19	8 501	1 174	264	157
5944	Jewelry stores	7	3 200	553	133	51
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	6	1 911	280	59	50
	MRC NO. 15					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	89	(D)	12 341	2 981	1 828
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	68	126 475	12 341	2 981	1 628
54	Food stores	9	30 100	3 225	828	329
541	Grocery stores	5	28 154	2 662	703	265
56	Apparel and accessory stores	17	12 818	1 331	318	210
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	10	9 403	892	208	126
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	3 575	510	114	49
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	1 242	141	29	12
58	Eating and drinking places	10	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5812	Eating places	9	6 941	1 801	384	322
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	12	10 030	887	210	142
592	Liquor stores	3	6 573	371	91	44
	MRC NO. 16					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	120	93 379	12 540	2 908	1 708
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	117	93 289	12 540	2 906	1 708
53	General merchandise group stores	5	32 062	4 732	1 109	826
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	5	2 494	449	92	29
554	Gasoline service stations	7	7 782	520	118	50
56	Apparel and accessory stores	38	10 601	1 830	366	236
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	13	3 382	427	94	82
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	9	2 918	353	77	63
565	Family clothing stores	3	1 162	123	28	26
566	Shoe stores	13	4 415	776	165	92
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	11	4 794	709	188	90
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	7	3 161	432	119	52
58	Eating and drinking places	18	5 201	1 280	265	268
5812	Eating places	18	5 201	1 280	265	266
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	18	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	12	3 515	619	141	89
5944	Jewelry stores	4	1 250	253	62	26

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982—Con.

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
MRC NO. 17						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	28	51 666	6 371	1 545	677
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	28	51 866	6 371	1 545	677
53	General merchandise group stores	3	35 415	4 643	1 054	495
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴	3	35 415	4 643	1 054	495
56	Apparel and accessory stores	6	3 630	425	96	61
566	Shoe stores	4	1 387	179	41	26
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	7	1 555	258	81	41
MRC NO. 18						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	27	12 489	2 151	512	335
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	27	12 489	2 151	512	335
54	Food stores	3	691	188	46	27
56	Apparel and accessory stores	8	2 006	329	70	33
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	12	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	8	2 386	401	102	65
MRC NO. 19						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	81	(D)	9 825	2 247	1 313
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	79	75 174	9 825	2 247	1 313
53	General merchandise group stores	3	40 445	5 509	1 250	642
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴	3	40 445	5 509	1 250	642
56	Apparel and accessory stores	29	13 356	1 472	337	212
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	11	5 136	511	123	94
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	8	4 574	431	102	78
566	Shoe stores	11	4 638	611	138	72
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	4 182	533	123	42
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	2 059	269	64	19
58	Eating and drinking places	13	3 250	729	161	202
5812	Eating places	13	3 250	729	181	202
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	20	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	16	6 971	867	205	135
5944	Jewelry stores	4	2 105	306	75	35
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	6	1 181	174	40	40
MRC NO. 20						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	70	139 013	15 798	3 591	1 768
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	70	139 013	15 798	3 591	1 768
53	General merchandise group stores	4	68 055	8 464	1 894	788
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	3	67 767	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	19	7 846	911	208	132
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	3	958	132	30	12
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	5	2 586	251	57	45
566	Shoe stores	7	2 542	342	81	51
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	7	5 350	817	154	49
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	2 540	321	85	28
58	Eating and drinking places	11	4 154	1 028	275	268
5812	Eating places	11	4 154	1 028	275	268
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	19	12 944	1 223	287	181
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	12	10 062	893	202	142
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	4	1 478	183	38	41

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see Introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I.]

²For all establishments, including those without payroll.
³Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.
⁴Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.
⁵Stores, not assortments, of furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.
⁶Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.
⁷Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.
⁸May include data not covered by SIC 541.
⁹May include data not covered by SICs 592, 594, and 5992.
¹⁰May include data not covered by SICs 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments		Sales		Annual payroll		First quarter payroll		Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	CUMBERLAND CBD										
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	85	75	55 278	38 807	7 633	5 610	1 654	1 342	729	596
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	80	71	55 092	38 682	7 833	5 810	1 654	1 342	729	596
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	8	5	1 938	1 716	288	258	71	60	25	20
525	Hardware stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other	4	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 5}	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
533	Variety stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
54	Food stores ⁶	5	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores	3	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	8	4	(S)	8 493	(S)	888	(S)	220	(S)	49
554	Gasoline service stations	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	16	18	6 751	6 751	1 313	1 313	296	296	170	170
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	4	4	2 067	2 067	389	389	86	86	46	46
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	8	8	3 881	3 881	785	785	187	187	100	100
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	8	8	3 881	3 881	785	785	187	187	100	100
565	Family clothing stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
566	Shoe stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	8	7	3 298	3 208	347	340	86	84	31	30
5712	Furniture stores	3	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	4	3	1 727	1 637	158	151	39	37	14	13
58	Eating and drinking places	15	12	2 074	1 670	510	382	123	89	114	88
5812	Eating places	11	8	1 808	1 404	472	324	117	83	107	79
5813	Drinking places	4	4	266	266	38	38	6	6	7	7
591	Drug and proprietary stores	4	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁷	17	17	4 675	4 442	989	955	225	216	118	110
592	Liquor stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁸	11	11	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5944	Jewelry stores	5	5	1 803	1 803	422	422	99	99	41	41
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5992	Florists	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁶May include data not covered by SIC 541.

⁷May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5982.

⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[Table 3 omitted because there were no major retail centers which qualified for publication in this SMSA in 1982]

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers, Central Business Districts, Cities With Central Business Districts, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For descriptions of MRC and CBD boundaries, see appendix I]

SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Hagerstown		Major retail center No. 1
			City	Central business district	
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}:				
	Number	937	480	94	70
	Sales (\$1,000)	567 974	294 032	29 347	(D)
	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	62 013	33 906	3 825	8 872
	Paid employees for pay period including March 12, 1982	7 098	3 705	503	1 222
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²:				
	Number	672	358	76	68
	Sales (\$1,000)	557 521	289 234	28 644	71 220
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores:				
	Number	260	143	36	17
	Sales (\$1,000)	163 324	86 372	5 953	19 590
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF)^{4 5}:				
	Number	172	98	22	43
	Sales (\$1,000)	130 740	59 763	7 204	48 908
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4	All other stores:				
	Number	240	117	18	8
	Sales (\$1,000)	263 457	143 099	15 487	2 722
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS				
	Retail stores^{1 2 3}	937	480	94	70
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll)²	672	358	76	68
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	27	14	1	-
525	Hardware stores	6	2	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other	21	12	1	-
53	General merchandise group stores	21	10	1	4
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{5 6}	7	3	-	3
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁵	7	3	-	3
533	Variety stores	5	3	-	1
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	9	4	1	-
54	Food stores⁷	81	39	6	7
541	Grocery stores	54	27	5	1
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	42	23	3	1
554	Gasoline service stations	71	30	2	1
56	Apparel and accessory stores	54	33	7	20
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	6	4	3	1
562, 3, 6	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	26	17	2	10
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	23	14	2	10
565	Family clothing stores	5	2	-	1
566	Shoe stores	14	7	1	8
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	3	3	1	-
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	48	28	9	5
5712	Furniture stores	18	8	(S)	-
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	11	7	2	-
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	19	13	5	5
58	Eating and drinking places	161	95	29	8
5812	Eating places	105	64	17	8
5813	Drinking places	56	31	12	-
591	Drug and proprietary stores	18	9	1	2
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores⁸	149	77	17	20
592	Liquor stores	34	15	3	1
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁹	49	27	5	14
5944	Jewelry stores	14	8	3	3
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	10	6	2	4
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	3	2	-	1
5992	Florists	15	6	2	1

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.

⁵Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁶Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁷May include data not covered by SIC 541.

⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

⁹May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" and for indication of comparability of 1982 CBD data and 1977 CBD data, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For comparative CBD sales statistics, 1977 and 1982, see appendix H. For description of CBD boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments		Sales		Annual payroll		First quarter payroll		Paid employees for pay period including March 12	
		Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)	Adjusted (number)	Unadjusted (number)
	HAGERSTOWN CBD										
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	94	90	29 347	28 023	3 825	3 707	902	869	503	466
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	78	73	28 644	27 418	3 825	3 707	902	869	503	466
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
525	Hardware stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
531	Department stores (excl. leased depts.) ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
533	Variety stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁵	8	6	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores	5	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	3	3	7 112	7 007	469	485	103	102	38	37
554	Gasoline service stations	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	7	7	4 024	3 768	840	630	147	143	81	75
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	3	3	2 434	2 434	343	343	75	75	32	32
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
565	Family clothing stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
566	Shoe stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	9	8	2 170	1 911	370	344	86	80	86	55
5712	Furniture stores	(S)	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishing stores	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	5	5	1 006	942	123	119	30	28	30	28
58	Eating and drinking places	29	28	2 989	2 988	647	646	157	158	155	146
5812	Eating places	17	16	1 743	1 742	388	387	92	91	102	93
5813	Drinking places	12	12	1 248	1 246	249	249	65	65	53	53
591	Drug and proprietary stores	1	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁷	17	18	4 132	4 007	1 075	1 021	231	221	110	102
592	Liquor stores	3	3	425	425	48	48	10	10	9	9
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores ⁸	5	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5944	Jewelry stores	3	3	557	510	64	49	13	11	7	6
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5992	Florists	2	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁵Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.

⁶May include data not covered by SIC 541.

⁷May include data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

⁸May include data not covered by SIC's 5944, 5947, and 5949.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
	MRC NO. 1					
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	70	(D)	8 872	2 097	1 222
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	68	71 220	8 872	2 097	1 222
53	General merchandise group stores	4	30 712	4 455	1 004	573
531	Department stores (incl. leased depts.) ^{4 6}	3	32 214	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
56	Apparel and accessory stores	20	10 079	1 052	251	147
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	10	5 887	539	131	91
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	10	5 887	539	131	91
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	5	2 460	251	61	32
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	5	2 460	251	61	32
58	Eating and drinking places	8	4 087	827	201	199
5812	Eating places	8	4 087	827	201	199
59 ex. 591	Miscellaneous retail stores	20	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	14	5 657	716	163	96
5944	Jewelry stores	3	1 334	229	55	27
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	4	996	131	30	22

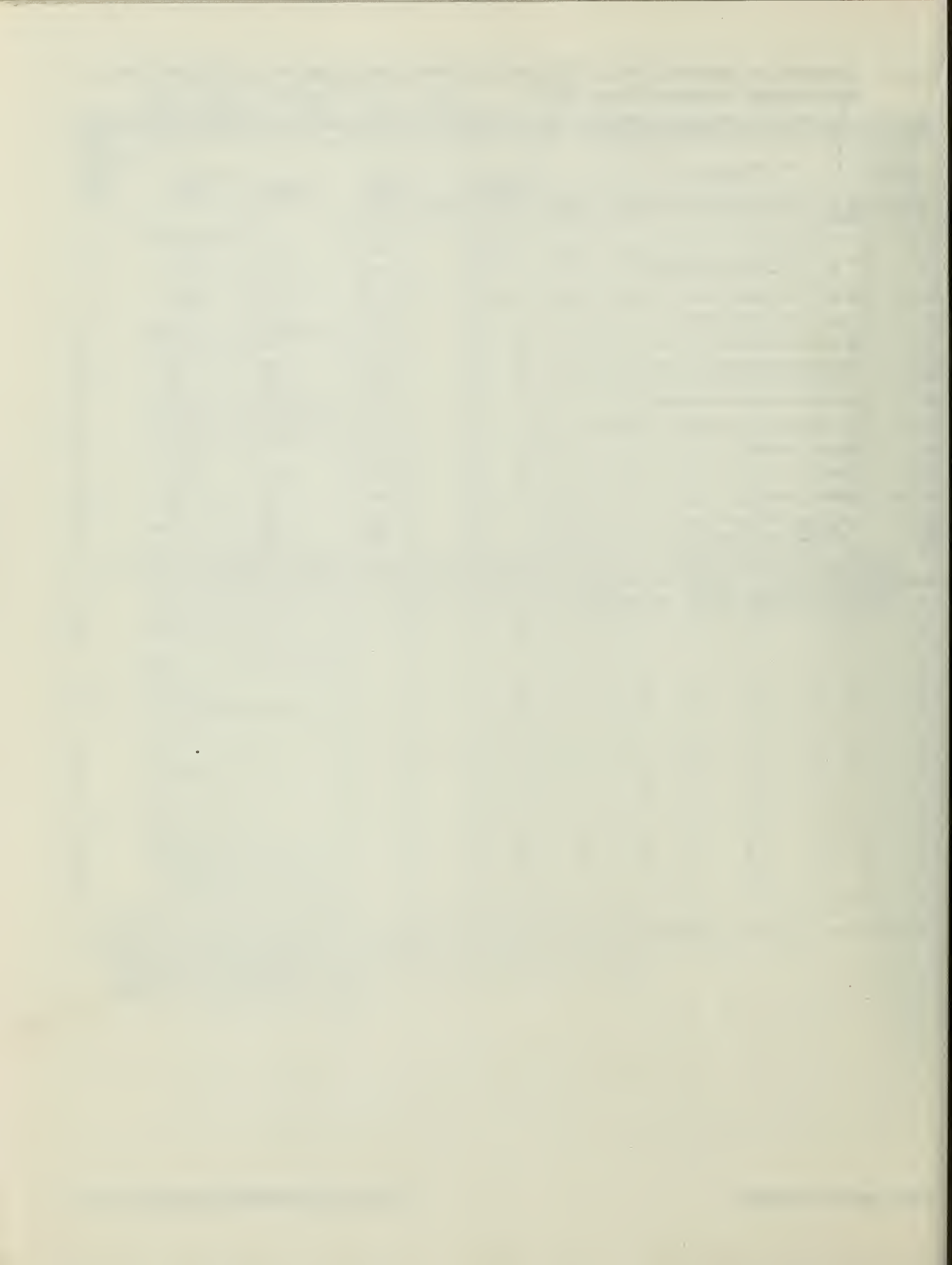
¹For all establishments, including those without payroll.

²Each kind-of-business classification includes leased departments classified in that kind of business as if they were separate establishments. Accordingly, data for leased departments are not consolidated with kind-of-business data for main stores in which they are located. For more information, see Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses in appendix A.

³Excludes nonemployer direct sellers, SIC 5963.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks located in department stores.

⁶Includes data for leased departments operated within department stores. Data for this line not included in higher level totals.



APPENDIX A.

General Explanation

CENSUS COVERAGE AND METHODOLOGY

Structure and method of enumeration—Firms in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade were divided into the nonmail universe and mail universe. The coverage and the method of obtaining census information from each follow:

1. The nonmail universe consists of firms which were not required to file a regular census return and includes:

- a. All nonemployers, i.e., all firms with no paid employees during 1982. Sales information for them was obtained from administrative records of other Federal agencies. Although consisting of a large number of firms, nonemployers account for less than 5 percent of total retail sales.

The census included only those retail nonemployer firms which reported a sales volume of \$1,000 or more during 1982 plus firms in operation for less than the full year that reported sales which, if projected to an annual basis, would have reached a total of \$1,000 or more. This change in qualifications for the 1982 census is described in the Comparability of the 1977 and 1982 Censuses section below.

- b. Selected small employers, i.e., single-establishment firms with payroll below a specified cutoff. (The term "employers" refers to all business firms with paid employees at any time during 1982 as shown in the active administrative records of other Federal agencies.) Although the payroll cutoff varied by kind of business, small employers generally included firms with one to three employees and represented about 10 percent of total retail sales.

Data on sales, payroll, and employment for employer firms below the cutoff were derived or estimated from the administrative records of other Federal agencies, except for a 10-percent sample which was included in the mail universe.

2. The mail universe consists of firms for which information was obtained basically by means of a mail canvass and includes:

- a. Large employers, i.e., all employer firms above the payroll size cutoff established to separate large from small employers. Within this category, a report of company organization is conducted periodically to identify firms which operated establishments at more than one location and to obtain information on payroll and mid-March employment at each location. The 1981 Report of Company Organization was used as a coverage check in the census. In the census mailing package containing the appropriate 1982 questionnaires, firms were sent a form to use in updating the list of establishments with those opened since 1981.

- b. The 10-percent sample of small employers referred to in section 1b above which were sent the census mailing packages containing the appropriate 1982 questionnaires.

Method of classifying kinds of business—The retail trade classifications for all establishments were based on the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual.¹ However, the method of assigning these classifications, and the level of detail at which establishments were classified, differed between the nonmail and mail universes as follows:

1. The nonmail universe.

- a. All nonemployers were classified inside or outside of retail trade on the basis of information obtained from other Federal agencies. Data are not provided for nonemployers by kind of business as planned for 1982 because a substantial number of the nonemployer records, obtained from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), were miscoded by the IRS into miscellaneous categories rather than being classified in the specific kind of business.

- b. Selected small employers were classified on the basis of the most current census kind-of-business classification available from one of the Bureau's current sample surveys or the 1977 census. Otherwise, the classification was obtained from the administrative records of other Federal agencies.

If the census or administrative record classifications proved inadequate (none corresponded to a census classification in the detail required for employers), the firm was sent a brief inquiry requesting information necessary to assign a 1982 census kind-of-business code.

2. Establishments in the mail universe were classified on the basis of their self designation and answers to questions on sales by merchandise lines and other special inquiries.

COMPARABILITY OF THE 1977 AND 1982 CENSUSES

The 1977 and 1982 censuses were conducted under similar conditions and procedures except for the following:

Geographic areas—The boundaries of a number of areas for which data are shown in the 1982 census are not the same as in the 1977 census because of annexations, other boundary changes, redefinitions of SMSA's, and changes in qualifying criteria since 1977.

Also, improved methods, used in the 1982 census for determining the proper geographic areas into which businesses are tabulated within a given county, resulted in a number of businesses that were not tabulated as part of the "remainder of county" statistics in previous censuses being included within the "remainder of county" for 1982.

Leased departments—In 1977 and in prior censuses, data for leased departments were consolidated with the data for stores

¹Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00066-6. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0.

in which they were located. In the 1982 census, each leased department was treated as a separate establishment and was classified according to the kind of business it conducted. For example, in the 1977 reports, data for a leased department selling shoes were included in the kind-of-business statistics of the lessor store. For the 1982 reports, however, a leased department selling shoes would be considered a separate retail establishment under the "shoe store" classification. It should also be noted that in the 1982 classifications (with the exception of department stores for which leased department data are recognized for classification purposes), the procedure which separated the leased department from the main store might have affected the kind-of-business code assigned to a relatively small number of main stores, because the coding procedure did not take into account the lines of merchandise carried by the leased department.

Due to the relatively high level of leased department activity in department stores, department store sales summaries for 1982 have been separately presented for the following classifications:

Department stores (incl. leased depts.)
Department stores (excl. leased depts.)

Nonemployer firms—In 1977, the census included any retail nonemployer firm which reported a sales volume of \$2,500 or more, plus firms in operation for less than the full year that reported sales which, if projected to an annual basis, would have reached a total of \$2,500 or more. In the 1982 census, nonemployer firms are included if, on an annual basis, they reported a sales volume of at least \$1,000. This change was made so that establishments will be included in the retail census based on the same criterion used for including establishments in the other economic censuses, i.e., \$1,000. Had the 1982 criterion been applied in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, an additional 62,000 nonemployers with sales of \$120.6 million would have been included.

In 1977 and prior censuses, the combined data for all establishments (nonemployer firms plus establishments of employer firms) were presented for selected kind-of-business classifications, including all 2-digit major industry groups. For these censuses, data for nonemployer firms were obtained from administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) based on business tax returns. For 1982, data for nonemployers and the combined data for all establishments are presented only at the retail trade total level for all geographic areas. These data could not be published by kind of business as planned because many businesses were miscoded by the IRS into various miscellaneous categories rather than in the specific kind of business. As a result, when the IRS supplied the Bureau of the Census with the kind-of-business codes derived from information reported by businesses for 1982 on IRS form 1040, schedule C, the Bureau found that there were proportionately far more businesses classified in miscellaneous categories for 1982 than for 1977. The Bureau of the Census and the IRS are taking steps to ensure that data can be published for all establishments by kind of business in the 1987 and subsequent censuses.

Central business districts—In 1982, two sets of kind-of-business data are provided for central business districts (CBD's): "adjusted" and "unadjusted." In the 1977 reports, only unadjusted data were provided. Unadjusted CBD data refer to the

summation of data for those establishments which could be identified, based on address, as being in the CBD. However, some records, particularly those of small establishments for which information is derived from administrative records of other Federal agencies, have addresses that are inadequate for determining if they are in the CBD.

Therefore, for 1982 the Bureau proportionately allocated data to the CBD for establishments for which address records were inadequate to determine if they were inside or outside the CBD. The resulting "adjusted" data provide more realistic estimates of retail trade in each CBD. The adjustment process allocated data for the establishments that could not be coded in each CBD city to either "inside" or "outside" the CBD in the same ratio as the associated data for establishments with addresses that could be coded. The adjustment process was separately applied to each data item (number of establishments, sales, annual payroll, and number of employees) for each kind-of-business level for which data are presented for each CBD.

The 1977 CBD statistics and the 1982 "unadjusted" statistics are based on comparable procedures and are believed to be directly comparable. The 1982 "unadjusted" statistics are shown to provide a means of comparing 1977 and 1982 CBD data and to provide measures (the differences between the adjusted and unadjusted data) of the estimation for establishments with inadequate addresses.

Nonstore retailers (SIC 596)—Although nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments) were included in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, data for nonstore retailers were excluded from the Major Retail Centers reports. For 1982, nonstore retailers are also included in the Major Retail Centers reports. Nonstore retailers account for a negligible portion of total retail trade in most MRC's and CBD's.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Establishments—An establishment is a single physical location at which business is conducted. It is not necessarily identical with a company or enterprise, which may consist of one establishment or more. Census of retail trade figures represent a summary of reports for individual establishments rather than companies. For cases where a census report was received, separate information was obtained for each location where business was conducted. When administrative records of other Federal agencies were used instead of a census report, no information was available on the number of locations operated. Estimates of this number were derived from a sample and will be provided in the retail trade report, Miscellaneous Subjects, RC82-I-4. Each retail establishment was tabulated according to the physical location at which the business was conducted. The count of establishments in this publication represents the number in business at the end of the year.

A comparison of the number of establishments in business at the end of the year versus the number active any time during the year for the United States as a whole is presented for establishments with payroll, by kind-of-business group, and for all establishments, only for total retail trade, in appendix G of the United States Summary report of the Geographic Area series RC82-A-52.

When two activities or more were carried on at a single location under a single ownership, all activities generally were

grouped together as a single establishment. The entire establishment was classified on the basis of its major activity and all data for it were included in that classification. However, when distinct and separate economic activities (for which different industry classification codes were appropriate) were conducted under the same ownership at a single location, and when conditions prescribed by the SIC manual for recognizing the existence of more than one establishment were met, separate establishment reports for each of the different activities were obtained in the census.

Firms—A firm is a business organization or entity consisting of one domestic establishment (location) or more under common ownership or control. For economic census purposes, the terms firm and company are synonymous.

Sales—Sales include merchandise sold for cash or credit at retail and wholesale by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade; amounts received from customers for layaway purchases; receipts from rental or leasing of vehicles, equipment, instruments, tools, etc.; receipts for delivery, installation, maintenance, repair, alteration, storage, and other services; and gasoline, liquor, tobacco, and other excise taxes which are paid by the manufacturer or wholesaler and passed on to the retailer.

Sales are net after deductions for refunds and allowances for merchandise returned by customers. Trade-in allowances are not deducted from total sales. Total sales do not include carrying or other credit charges; sales (or other) taxes collected from customers and forwarded to taxing authorities; commissions from vending machine operators; and nonoperating income from such sources as investments, rental or sale of real estate, etc.

Sales in this report do not include retail sales made by manufacturers, wholesalers, service establishments, or other businesses whose primary activity is other than retail trade. They do include receipts other than from the sale of merchandise at retail, e.g., service receipts, sales to industrial users, and sales to other retailers, by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade.

Although the count of establishments in this report represents the number in business at the end of the year, the sales figures include sales of all establishments in business at any time during the year.

Annual payroll—Payroll includes all forms of compensation, such as salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, vacation allowances, sick leave pay, and the value of payments in kind (e.g., free meals and lodgings), paid during the year to all employees. Tips and gratuities received by employees from patrons and reported to employers are included. For corporations, it includes amounts paid to officers and executives; for unincorporated businesses, it does not include profit or other compensation of proprietors or partners. Payroll is reported before deductions for social security, income tax, insurance, union dues, etc. This definition of payroll is the same as that used by the IRS on form 941.

First quarter payroll—This item consists of payroll, as defined above, paid to persons employed at any time during the quarter January to March 1982.

Paid employees for pay period including March 12—Paid employees consist of the full-time and part-time employees, including salaried officers and executives of corporations, who were on the payroll in the pay period including March 12. Included are employees on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations; not included are proprietors and partners of unincorporated businesses. The definition of paid employees is the same as that used on IRS form 941.

Auxiliary establishments—Each company included in this census was asked to identify and report separately those auxiliary locations whose primary functions were to manage, administer, service, or support the activities of the other establishments of the company. Data for auxiliaries which primarily service retail establishments are presented for selected industrial classifications in tables included in the United States Summary report of the Geographic Area series, RC82-A-52. Data for auxiliaries are presented for more detailed industry breakdowns in a subsequent report issued as part of the 1982 Enterprise Statistics reports.

ALL ESTABLISHMENTS VERSUS ESTABLISHMENTS WITH PAYROLL

The tables in this report present data for two major categories of establishments: All establishments and establishments with payroll.

Table 3. Statistics by Selected Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1982

[Data for kind-of-business detail may not add to broader kind-of-business totals. Only those kinds of business without suppressed data are shown. In some instances, however, kinds of business for which data are suppressed are included to indicate their relationship to component kinds of business. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definitions of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix I.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	First quarter payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees for pay period including March 12 (number)
MRC NO. X						
	Retail stores ^{1 2 3}	130	73 530	9 853	2 683	1 003
	Retail stores (establishments with payroll) ²	117	71 810	9 853	2 683	1 003

The term "all establishments" includes those without payroll ("mom and pop" operators) and those with payroll. The number and sales of establishments without payroll is determined by subtracting data for establishments with payroll from data for all establishments.

As shown in the table on the previous page:

- 130 (Number of total establishments)
- 117 (Number of establishments with payroll)
- 13 (Number of establishments without payroll)

The sales of the 13 establishments is \$1,720 (000).

As explained in the "Comparability of 1977 and 1982 Censuses," data are shown by kind of business only for establishments with payroll.

KIND-OF-BUSINESS CLASSIFICATIONS

Retail trade, major groups 52 through 59 in the 1972 SIC manual, includes establishments engaged in selling merchandise for personal or household consumption and in rendering services incidental to the sale of the goods. Exceptions are necessitated by trade practices. For example, lumber yards and paint, glass, and wallpaper stores are included in retail trade if they sell to the general public, even if a higher proportion of their sales is made to contractors. Establishments engaged in selling products to the general public from displayed merchandise, such as typewriters, stationery, or gasoline, are classified in retail trade even though such products may not be used for personal or household consumption. However, establishments that sell exclusively to business establishments, institutional and industrial users, or contractors are classified in wholesale trade.

Other important characteristics of retail trade establishments are that they are usually fixed places of business; they are engaged in activities to attract the general public to buy; they buy or receive as well as sell merchandise; they may process their products, although processing is incidental or subordinate to selling; and they are considered as retail in the trade. Not all of these characteristics need be present and some are modified by trade practice.

Establishments covered by the census were assigned kind-of-business classifications according to the industry classifications defined in the 1972 SIC manual. When a more detailed classification was needed than that defined in the SIC manual, more kinds of business were identified within an SIC.

In general, retail establishments were classified according to the principal lines of commodities sold (groceries, hardware, etc.), or the usual trade designation (drug store, cigar store, etc.).

Kind-of-business classifications are not interchangeable with commodity classifications; most businesses sell several kinds of commodities. The kind-of-business code generally reflects either the individual commodity or the commodity group which is the primary source of the establishment's business. Thus, the classification of establishments by kind of business generally does not make it possible to determine either the number of establishments handling a particular commodity or the sales of that commodity. For example, the food stores classification excludes stores selling food if the sale of food is not the primary source of receipts; moreover, even though stores are classified as food stores, some of their receipts may be derived from the sale of nonfood products. (Information on the extent to which

various broad groups of commodities, or merchandise lines, sold by different kinds of business is available in the 1982 Census of Retail Trade report, Merchandise Line Sales, RC82-I-3.)

Building Materials, Hardware, Garden Supply, and Mobile Home Dealers (SIC Major Group 52)

This major group includes retail establishments primarily engaged in selling lumber and other building materials; paint, glass, and wallpaper; hardware; nursery stock; lawn and garden supplies; and mobile homes. It includes lumber and other building materials dealers and paint, glass, and wallpaper stores selling to the general public, even if sales to contractors account for a larger proportion of total sales; these establishments are known as retail in the trade. Establishments primarily selling these products but not selling to the general public are classified in wholesale trade.

Hardware stores (SIC 525)—Establishments primarily selling a number of basic hardware lines such as tools, builders' hardware, paint and glass, housewares and household appliances, cutlery, and roofing materials, no one of which accounts for 50 percent or more of the sales of the establishments.

General Merchandise Group Stores (SIC Major Group 53)

This major group includes retail stores which sell a number of lines of merchandise, such as dry goods, apparel and accessories, furniture and home furnishings, small wares, hardware, and food. The stores included in this group are known as department stores, variety stores, general merchandise stores, general stores, etc. Establishments primarily engaged in selling used general merchandise are classified in SIC 593, and those selling general merchandise by mail, vending machine, or direct selling are classified in SIC 596.

Department stores (SIC 531)—Establishments normally employing 25 people or more, having sales of apparel and soft goods combined amounting to 20 percent or more of total sales, and selling each of the following lines of merchandise:

1. Furniture, home furnishings, appliances, and radio and TV sets.
2. A general line of apparel for the family.
3. Household linens and dry goods.

The employment and lines of merchandise sold in leased departments are both taken into account when classifying a department store.

To qualify as a department store, sales of each of the lines listed above must be less than 80 percent of total store sales. An establishment with total sales of \$10 million or more is classified as a department store even if sales of one of the merchandise lines listed above exceed the maximum percent of total sales, provided that the combined sales of the other two groups are \$1 million or more. Relatively few stores are included in this classification as a result of this special rule and most of those which are would otherwise have been classified in the apparel group (SIC major group 56).

Due to the relatively high level of leased department activity in department stores, department store sales have been separately presented for the following classifications:

Department stores (incl. leased depts.)
Department stores (excl. leased depts.)

Variety stores (SIC 533)—Establishments engaged in the retail sale of a variety of merchandise in the low and popular price ranges. Sales usually are made on a cash-and-carry basis with the open selling method of display and customer selection of merchandise. These stores generally do not carry a complete line of merchandise, are not departmentalized, do not carry their own charge service, and do not deliver merchandise.

Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (SIC 539)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of a general line of apparel, dry goods, hardware, homewares or home furnishings, groceries, and other lines in limited amounts. Stores selling commodities covered in the definition for department stores but normally having less than 25 employees, and stores usually known as country general stores are included here. Also included are most catalog showrooms and establishments whose sales of apparel or furniture and home furnishings exceed half of their total sales, providing that sales of the smaller of the two lines in combination with dry goods and household linens account for 20 percent or more of total sales.

Food Stores (SIC Major Group 54)

This major group includes retail stores primarily engaged in selling food for home preparation and consumption. Establishments primarily engaged in selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on the premises are classified in major group 58, and stores primarily engaged in selling packaged beers and liquors are classified in SIC 5921.

Grocery stores (SIC 541)—Establishments primarily selling (1) a wide variety of canned or frozen foods such as vegetables, fruits, and soups; (2) packaged or bulk dry groceries, such as tea, coffee, cocoa, dried fruits, spices, sugar, flour, and crackers, and (3) other processed foods and nonedible grocery items. These establishments often also sell smoked and prepared meats, fresh fish and poultry, fresh vegetables and fruits, and fresh or frozen meats. Establishments commonly known as supermarkets, food stores, and delicatessens are included if receipts from sales of groceries and food items for off-premise preparation and consumption are 50 percent or more of total sales.

Automotive Dealers and Gasoline Service Stations (SIC Major Group 55)

This major group includes retail dealers selling new and used automobiles, boats, recreational vehicles and utility trailers, and motorcycles and mopeds; dealers selling new automobile parts and accessories, and gasoline service stations selling gasoline and lubricating oils. It includes establishments dealing exclusively in used automobiles, but not establishments dealing exclusively in used parts (SIC 5931). Also included are automobile repair shops maintained by establishments engaged in the sale of new

automobiles. Automotive distributors, the greater part of whose sales are to dealers or to institutional or industrial users, are classified in wholesale trade.

Gasoline service stations (SIC 554)—Establishments primarily selling gasoline and automotive lubricants. Usually these establishments also sell tires, batteries, and accessories, and perform minor repair work and services. Establishments called garages but deriving more than half of their receipts from the sale of gasoline and automotive lubricants are included.

Apparel and Accessory Stores (SIC Major Group 56)

This major group includes retail stores primarily engaged in selling clothing of all kinds and related articles for personal wear and adornment. Not included are establishments which meet the criteria for Department stores (SIC 531) or Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (SIC 539) even though most of their receipts are from the sale of apparel and apparel accessories.

Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores (SIC 561)—Establishments primarily selling men's and boys' ready-to-wear clothing and furnishings. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales and (2) receipts from sales of all men's and boys' apparel are three or more times the receipts from sales of all women's and girls' apparel.

Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers (SIC 562, 563, and 568)—Comprise the following industries:

Women's ready-to-wear stores (SIC 562)—Establishments primarily selling women's and girls' ready-to-wear apparel. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel are three or more times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel, and (3) sales of dresses, skirts, slacks, coats, suits, and furs are two or more times greater than the sales of millinery, hosiery, underwear, blouses, handbags, and other apparel and accessories.

Women's specialty stores and furriers (SIC 563 and 568)—Establishments primarily selling a specialized line of women's and girls' apparel, such as sportswear, beachwear, blouses, hosiery, hats, foundation garments, lingerie, negligees, robes, and fur coats and other fur apparel.

Family clothing stores (SIC 565)—Establishments primarily selling clothing, furnishings, and accessories for men, women, and children, without specializing in any one line. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of their total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel items, and (3) sales of men's and boys' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all women's and girls' apparel items.

Shoe stores (SIC 566)—Establishments primarily selling shoes and other footwear. Accessories are frequently sold. Included are men's shoe stores, women's shoe stores, children's and juveniles' shoe stores, and family shoe stores.

Other apparel and accessory stores (SIC 564 and 569)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of specialized lines of apparel and accessories not elsewhere classified, such as uniforms, bathing suits, raincoats, riding apparel, sports apparel, umbrellas, wigs, and toupees. This classification also includes children's and infants' wear stores.

Furniture, Home Furnishings, and Equipment Stores (SIC Major Group 57)

This major group includes retail stores selling goods used for furnishing the home, such as furniture, floor coverings, draperies, glass and chinaware, domestic stoves, refrigerators, and household electrical and gas appliances. Establishments selling electrical and gas appliances are included in this group only if the major part of their sales consists of articles for home use. Dealers primarily engaged in selling antique and secondhand furniture are classified in SIC 5931. Stores primarily engaged in selling merchandise but also providing an interior decorating service are classified according to the merchandise handled. Interior designers primarily engaged in advising clients on the selection of interior decorations are classified in SIC 7399.

Furniture stores (SIC 5712)—Establishments primarily selling household furniture, beds, mattresses, springs, and other sleep equipment. Also included in this classification are establishments selling household appliances, phonographs, radios, television sets, and floor coverings provided the receipts from sales of furniture and sleep equipment exceed those from sales of other merchandise.

Home furnishing stores (SIC 5713, 5714, and 5719)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of home furnishings, such as china, glassware, and metalware for kitchen and table use, bedding and linen, brooms, brushes, lamps and shades, mirrors and pictures, venetian blinds, window shades, floor coverings and related products, draperies, curtains, slipcovers, and upholstery material.

Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores (SIC 572 and 573)—Comprise the following industries:

Household appliance stores (SIC 572)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of electric and gas refrigerators, stoves, and other household appliances such as electric irons, percolators, hot plates, and vacuum cleaners. Many such stores also sell radios and television sets.

Radio and television stores (SIC 5732)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale and installation of radios, television sets, home computers and software, record players, and high fidelity (hi-fi) and sound reproducing equipment. Such establishments also may sell additional lines such as household appliances, musical instruments, or records. Radio and television repair shops are classified in SIC 7622.

Record shops (SIC 5733 pt.)—Establishments primarily selling phonograph records and albums. Related merchandise is also frequently sold in these stores.

Musical instrument stores (SIC 5733 pt.)—Establishments primarily selling musical instruments such as organs, pianos, horns, stringed instruments, and percussion instruments. Other musical supplies may also be sold in these stores.

Eating and Drinking Places (SIC Major Group 58)

This major group includes retail establishments selling prepared food and drinks for consumption on the premises; it also includes lunch counters and refreshment stands selling prepared foods and drinks for immediate consumption.

Eating places (SIC 5812)—Includes retail establishments which sell prepared foods and beverages for consumption on or near the premises. Included are restaurants and lunchrooms, social caterers, cafeterias, refreshment places, contract feeding locations, and ice cream and frozen custard stands.

Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) (SIC 5813)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of drinks such as beer, ale, wine, and liquor for consumption on the premises. The sale of food frequently accounts for a substantial portion of the receipts of these establishments.

Miscellaneous Retail Stores (SIC Major Group 59)

This major group includes retail establishments not elsewhere classified. These establishments fall into the following categories: Drug stores, liquor stores, used merchandise stores, miscellaneous shopping goods stores, nonstore retailers, fuel and ice dealers, florists, cigar stores and stands, news dealers and newsstands, and miscellaneous retail stores not elsewhere classified.

Drug and proprietary stores (SIC 591)—Drug stores are establishments engaged in the retail sale of prescription drugs and patent medicines. They may carry a number of related lines, such as cosmetics, toiletries, tobacco, and novelty merchandise, and may operate a soda fountain or lunch counter. These stores are classified on the basis of their usual trade designation rather than on a strict interpretation of commodities handled.

Proprietary stores are establishments generally selling the same merchandise as drug stores, except that prescriptions are not filled and sold.

Liquor stores (SIC 592)—Establishments primarily selling packaged alcoholic beverages such as ale, beer, wine, and liquor for consumption off the premises. Liquor stores operated by States, counties, and municipalities are included.

Miscellaneous shopping goods stores (SIC 594)—Comprise the following industries:

General line sporting goods stores (SIC 5941 pt.)—Establishments primarily selling a general line of sporting

goods and equipment for hunting, camping, fishing, skiing, riding, tennis, golf, and other sports; and gymnasium and playground equipment.

Specialty line sporting goods stores (SIC 5941 pt.)—Establishments specializing in a maximum of four lines of sporting goods and equipment such as guns, bicycles, trophies, skiing, golfing, bowling, and billiards equipment.

Book stores (SIC 5942)—Establishments primarily selling new books and periodicals. Stationery and related items may also be sold. Book clubs (not engaged in publishing) primarily selling new books through the mail are included in mail order houses (SIC 5961).

Stationery stores (SIC 5943)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of stationery such as paper and paper products (including printing and engraving), post cards, novelties, and school and office supplies. Stores specializing in the sale of artists' supplies are classified in SIC 5999.

Jewelry stores (SIC 5944)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of any combination of the lines of jewelry, such as diamonds and other precious stones; rings, bracelets, and brooches; sterling and plated silverware; and watches and clocks. Stores primarily engaged in watch and jewelry repair are classified in SIC 7631.

Hobby, toy, and game shops (SIC 5945)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of toys, games, and hobby

kits and supplies. Establishments primarily engaged in selling artists' supplies or collectors' items, such as coins, stamps, and autographs, are classified in SIC 5999.

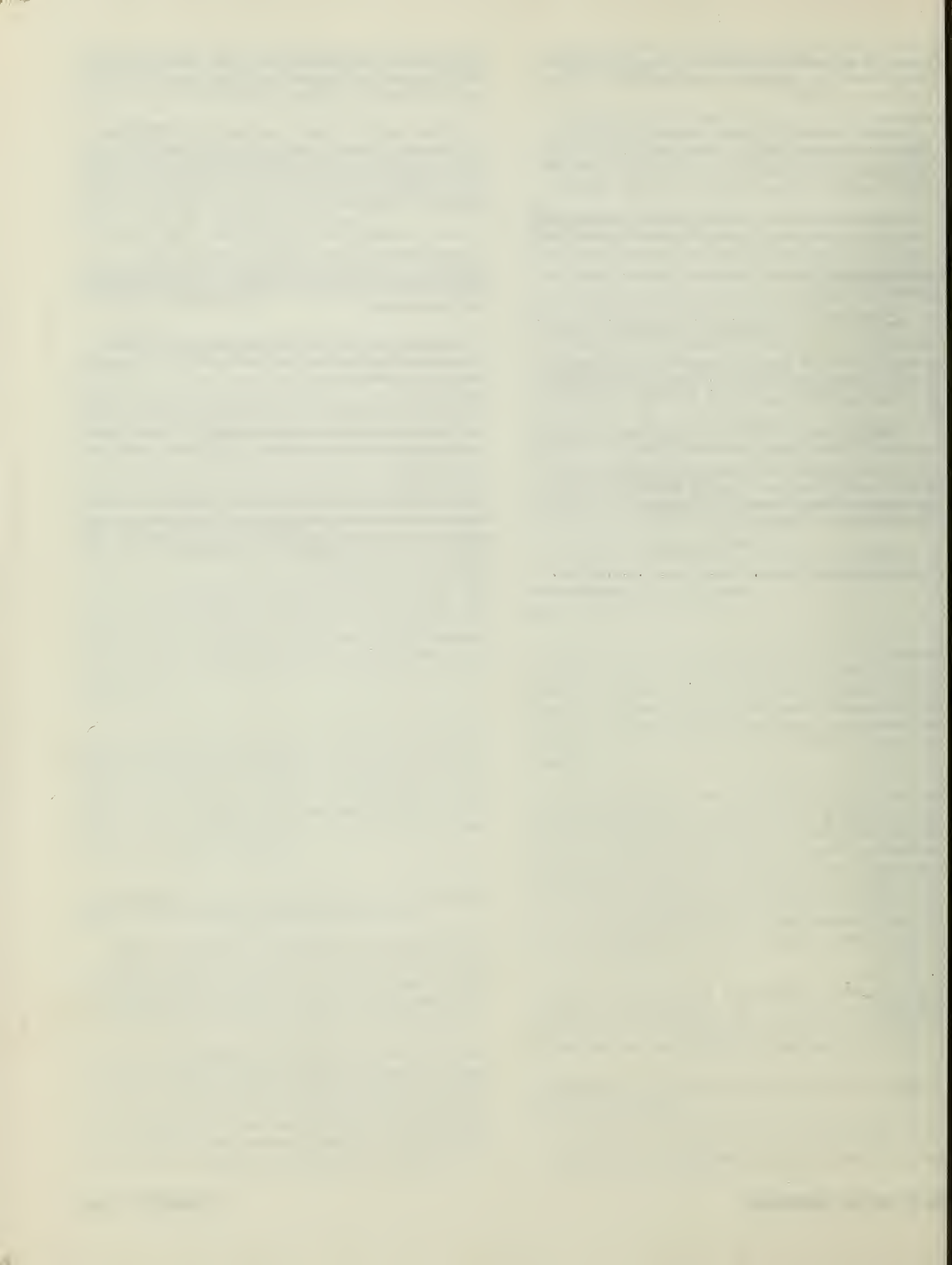
Camera and photographic supply stores (SIC 5946)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of cameras, film, and other photographic supplies and equipment. Establishments primarily engaged in finishing films are classified in SIC 7395.

Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops (SIC 5947)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of combined lines of gifts and novelty merchandise, souvenirs, and miscellaneous small art goods such as greeting cards and holiday decorations.

Luggage and leather goods stores (SIC 5948)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of luggage, trunks, and leather goods.

Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores (SIC 5949)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of sewing supplies, fabrics, patterns, and other needlework accessories.

Florists (SIC 5992)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of cut flowers and growing plants. Stores primarily engaged in selling seeds, bulbs, and nursery stock are classified in SIC 5261, and greenhouses and nurseries primarily engaged in growing, in SIC 0181.



APPENDIX B. General Questions



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1982 CENSUS OF RETAIL TRADE

O.M.B. APPROVAL NO. 0607-0371: EXPIRES 12/84

NOTICE — Response to this inquiry is required by law (title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law, your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

Please complete this form and RETURN TO
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
1201 East Tenth Street
Jeffersonville, Indiana 47134

DUE DATE: FEBRUARY 15, 1983

If you cannot file by the due date, a time extension request should be sent to the above address; please include your 11-digit Census File Number (CFN).

Note — Please read the accompanying instructions before answering the questions.

In correspondence pertaining to this report, please refer to this Census File Number (CFN) Employer Identification (EI) Number

CB-5801

Please correct errors in name, address, and ZIP code. ENTER street and number if not shown.

Item 1 — EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Is the Employer Identification (EI) Number shown in the label the SAME as that used for this establishment on its latest 1982 Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, Treasury Form 941?

094 1 ☐ YES (9 digits)
2 ☐ NO — Enter current EI No. →

Item 2 — PHYSICAL LOCATION OF ESTABLISHMENT

Answer items a, b, c, and d

NOTE: P.O. boxes or rural routes are not physical locations.

a. ☐ Same as shown in mailing label. If different, indicate change, ↓

NUMBER AND STREET

CITY, TOWN, VILLAGE, ETC. STATE ZIP CODE

b. Is this establishment physically located inside the legal boundaries of the city, town, village, etc.?

095 1 ☐ YES 3 ☐ No legal boundaries
2 ☐ NO 4 ☐ Don't know

c. Type of municipality where physically located

096 1 ☐ City, village, or borough 3 ☐ Other or don't know
2 ☐ Town or township

d. Name of county where physically located

Item 3 — OPERATIONAL STATUS

Number of months
002

a. How many months during 1982 did this firm or organization actively operate this establishment?

b. Mark (X) the **ONE** box which best describes this establishment at the end of 1982.

001 1 ☐ In operation
2 ☐ Temporarily or seasonally inactive

Figures only

Month Day Year

3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →

4 ☐ Sold or leased to another operator — Give date at right →

AND enter name, etc., below

NAME OF NEW OWNER OR OPERATOR

NUMBER AND STREET

CITY STATE ZIP CODE

Item 4 — ORGANIZATIONAL STATUS — Mark (X) the **ONE** box which best describes this establishment during 1982.

- 003 1 ☐ Individual proprietorship
2 ☐ Partnership
3 ☐ Cooperative association (taxable)
4 ☐ Cooperative association (tax-exempt)
5 ☐ Government — Specify _____
6 ☐ Corporation (Do not mark if any form of cooperative association.)
9 ☐ Other — Specify _____

HOW TO REPORT DOLLAR FIGURES

Value figures may be reported in dollars or rounded to thousands.
Example: If a figure is \$1,125,628, report either **1,126** (Preferred) or **1,125** (Acceptable)

Mil- lions (000)	Thou- sands (000)	Dol- lars (000)
1	126	
1	125	628

Item 5 — DOLLAR VOLUME OF BUSINESS IN 1982

Sales of merchandise and other operating receipts **EXCLUDING** sales (or other) taxes collected

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
010		

Item 6 — PAYROLL AND EMPLOYMENT

a. Payroll in 1982, before deductions

(1) Total ANNUAL payroll

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
030		

(2) FIRST QUARTER payroll

b. Employment in 1982

Number
032

Number of paid employees for the pay period including March 12, 1982. (Include both full- and part-time employees.)

Item 9 — KIND OF BUSINESS — Mark (X) the **ONE** box which best describes the **PRINCIPAL** kind of business of this establishment in 1982.

(Categories appropriate to individual form)

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT

CONTINUE ON PAGE 2 →

Item 11 - MERCHANDISE LINES Report sales either in dollar figures (see example on page 1), or as a percent (in whole percents) of total sales (see example below).					Number 079			
HOW TO REPORT PERCENTS	If figure is 38.76% of total sales: • Report whole percents →	Mil.	Thou.	Dol.	Per- cent			
	Not acceptable →				39			
					38.76			
Merchandise lines		Cen- sus use	Estimated sales during 1982					
			Mil.	Thou.	Dol.	Per- cent		
(Categories appropriate to individual form)								
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 15%; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">NOTE</div> <div> Answer item 13 only if your Census File Number (CFN), shown in the address label of this report form, begins with a zero. </div> </div>								
Item 13 - OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, AND LOCATIONS OF OPERATION								
a. Is this company owned or controlled by another company?		ENTER OWNING OR CONTROLLING COMPANY NAME, ADDRESS, AND ZIP CODE						
097 1 <input type="checkbox"/> YES → 2 <input type="checkbox"/> NO		EI No. (9 digits)						
b. Does this company own or control any other company or companies?		ENTER OWNED OR CONTROLLED COMPANY NAME, ADDRESS, AND ZIP CODE						
098 1 <input type="checkbox"/> YES → 2 <input type="checkbox"/> NO		EI No. (9 digits)						
c. How many establishments were operated under the EI Number shown in the address label (or as corrected in item 1) at the end of 1982? →								
If more than one, provide the physical location address and other information indicated below for each establishment. Continue with same format in item 14 (or attach a separate sheet) if necessary.								
1		NAME, ADDRESS, AND ZIP CODE		1982		Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
				081				
				Sales				
				Annual payroll		082		
				Census use		088		
2		NAME, ADDRESS, AND ZIP CODE		1982		Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
				081				
				Sales				
				Annual payroll		082		
				Census use		088		
3		NAME, ADDRESS, AND ZIP CODE		1982		Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
				081				
				Sales				
				Annual payroll		082		
				Census use		088		
4		NAME, ADDRESS, AND ZIP CODE		1982		Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
				081				
				Sales				
				Annual payroll		082		
				Census use		088		

APPENDIX C.

Kind-of-Business Titles and Reporting-Form Numbers

Listed below are retail kind-of-business titles and their corresponding reporting-form numbers. Requests for copies of any of these forms, including the inquiries used to classify establishments by kind of business, should be directed to the Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

SIC code	Title	Reporting form CB-	SIC code	Title	Reporting form CB-
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, GARDEN SUPPLY, AND MOBILE HOME DEALERS		57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	
5211	Lumber and other building materials dealers.....	5201	5712	Furniture stores.....	5701
5231	Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores.....	5202	5713	Floor covering stores.....	5704
5251	Hardware stores.....	5203	5714	Drapery, curtain, and upholstery stores.....	5705
5261	Retail nurseries, lawn and garden supply stores...	5204	5719	Miscellaneous home furnishing stores.....	5705
5271	Mobile home dealers.....	5205	5722	Household appliance stores.....	5702
			5732	Radio and television stores.....	5702
			5733 pt.	Record shops.....	5703
			5733 pt.	Musical instrument stores.....	5703
53	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES		58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	
5311 pt.	Conventional department stores.....	5301	5812 pt.	Restaurants and lunchrooms.....	5801
5311 pt.	Discount or mass merchandising department stores...	5301	5812 pt.	Social caterers.....	5801
5311 pt.	National chain department stores.....	5302	5812 pt.	Cafeterias.....	5801
5331	Variety stores.....	5301	5812 pt.	Refreshment places.....	5801
5399	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores.....		5812 pt.	Contract feeding.....	5802
			5812 pt.	Ice cream, frozen custard stands.....	5801
54	FOOD STORES		5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages).....	5801
5411	Grocery stores.....	5400	59	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES	
5423	Meat and fish (seafood) markets.....	5400			
5431	Fruit stores and vegetable markets.....	5400	5912 pt.	Drug stores.....	5901
5441	Candy, nut, and confectionery stores.....	5400	5912 pt.	Proprietary stores.....	5901
5451	Dairy products stores.....	5400	5921	Liquor stores.....	5902
5462	Retail bakeries--baking and selling.....	5400	5931	Used merchandise stores.....	5903
5463	Retail bakeries--selling only.....	5400	5941 pt.	General line sporting goods stores.....	5904
5499	Miscellaneous food stores.....	5400	5941 pt.	Specialty line sporting goods stores.....	5904
			5942	Book stores.....	5905
55	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS		5943	Stationery stores.....	5905
5511	Motor vehicle dealers--new and used cars.....	5501	5944	Jewelry stores.....	5906
5521	Motor vehicle dealers--used cars only.....	5501	5945	Hobby, toy, and game shops.....	5907
5531 pt.	Tire, battery, and accessory dealers.....	5502	5946	Camera and photographic supply stores.....	5908
5531 pt.	Other auto and home supply stores.....	5502	5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops.....	5905
5541	Gasoline service stations.....	5504	5948	Luggage and leather goods stores.....	5905
5551	Boat dealers.....	5503	5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores.....	5909
5561	Recreational and utility trailer dealers.....	5503	5961 pt.	Department store merchandise--mail order.....	5910
5571	Motorcycle dealers.....	5503	5961 pt.	General merchandise, n.e.c.--mail order.....	5910
5599	Automotive dealers, n.e.c.....	5503	5961 pt.	Other mail-order houses.....	5910
			5962	Automatic merchandising machine operators.....	5802
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES		5963 pt.	Furniture, home furnishings, equipment--direct selling.....	5910
5611	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores...	5601	5963 pt.	Mobile food service--direct selling.....	5910
5621	Women's ready-to-wear stores.....	5601	5963 pt.	Books and stationery--direct selling.....	5910
5631	Women's accessory and specialty stores.....	5601	5963 pt.	Other direct selling.....	5910
5641	Children's and infants' wear stores.....	5601	5982	Fuel and ice dealers, n.e.c.....	5911
5651	Family clothing stores.....	5601	5983	Fuel oil dealers.....	5911
			5984	Liquefied petroleum gas (bottled gas) dealers.....	5911
5661 pt.	Men's shoe stores.....	5602	5992	Florists.....	5912
5661 pt.	Women's shoe stores.....	5602	5993	Cigar stores and stands.....	5902
5661 pt.	Children's and juveniles' shoe stores.....	5602	5994	News dealers and newsstands.....	5902
5661 pt.	Family shoe stores.....	5602	5999 pt.	Optical goods stores.....	5913
5681	Furriers and fur shops.....	5601	5999 pt.	Pet shops.....	5914
			5999 pt.	Typewriter stores.....	5905
5699	Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores.....	5601	5999 pt.	Other retail stores, n.e.c.....	5916



APPENDIX D.

Standard Consolidated Statistical Areas and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

[Titles and definitions shown for SCSA's and SMSA's are those established by the Office of Management and Budget, as of January 1982]

Standard Consolidated Statistical Areas¹

SCSA and definition
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Trenton, Pa.-Del.-N.J.-Md. Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J., SMSA Trenton, N.J., SMSA Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md., SMSA

¹ No MRC data are presented for Standard Consolidated Statistical Areas.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

SMSA and definition	SMSA and definition
Baltimore, Md. Anne Arundel County, Md. Baltimore County, Md. Carroll County, Md. Harford County, Md. Howard County, Md. Baltimore city, Md. ¹ Cumberland, Md.-W. Va.^{2,3} Allegany County, Md. Mineral County, W. Va. Hagerstown, Md.² Washington County, Md. Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.² Washington, D.C. Charles County, Md.	Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.—Con. Montgomery County, Md. Prince George's County, Md. Arlington County, Va. Fairfax County, Va. Loudoun County, Va. Prince William County, Va. Alexandria city, Va. ¹ Fairfax city, Va. ¹ Falls Church city, Va. ¹ Manassas city, Va. ¹ Manassas Park city, Va. ¹ Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md.² New Castle County, Del. Cecil County, Md. Salem County, N.J.

¹ Independent of any county and considered a county equivalent.

² MRC data for this SMSA appear only in State report for State in which this SMSA is primarily located.

³ New SMSA since 1977 Economic Censuses.

APPENDIX E, APPENDIX F, and APPENDIX G

[Not applicable]

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APPENDIX H.

Comparative Sales Statistics for Central Business Districts in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1982 and 1977

Geographic area	1982 sales		1977 sales (\$1,000)	Percent change in sales, 1977 to 1982, unadjusted
	Adjusted (\$1,000)	Unadjusted (\$1,000)		
BALTIMORE SMSA				
Baltimore CBD	238 706	237 432	194 287	22.2
CUMBERLAND, MD.-W. VA., SMSA				
Cumberland CBD	55 278	38 807	(NA)	(NA)
HAGERSTOWN SMSA				
Hagerstown CBD	29 347	28 023	(NA)	(NA)

APPENDIX I.

Boundary Descriptions for Central Business Districts and Major Retail Centers

BALTIMORE, MD., SMSA

Baltimore CBD—Includes the area bounded by Franklin St., Calvert St., Orleans St., the Fallsway, Patapsco River, Hunter St., Pratt St., Paca St., Mulberry St., and Eutaw St. (Entire tract 401)

MRC No. 1—Includes the planned center known as "Eastpoint Mall" and establishments on Eastern Blvd. from Northpoint Blvd. to the transmission line. (Baltimore County) (In tract 4524)

MRC No. 2—Includes the planned center known as "Golden Ring Mall," bounded by Philadelphia Rd., Rossville Blvd., Pulaski Hwy., and the Baltimore County Beltway (Interstate 695). (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4407 and 4512)

MRC No. 3—Includes the planned centers known as "40 West Shopping Center," "One Mile West Shopping Center," "Montgomery Plaza," "Rolling Road Plaza," "Memco Discount," "Pike Park Mall," "6427 Shopping Center," and "Dorman's Shopping Center" located on both sides of Baltimore National Pike from Garnet Ave. to the property line for One Mile West Shopping Center. (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4009, 4015.03, 4015.04, and 4015.5)

MRC No. 4—Includes the planned center known as "Columbia Mall" at the intersection of Patuxent Pkwy. and Governor Warfield Dr. (Columbia) (In tract 6052.02)

MRC No. 5—Includes the planned centers known as "York Ridge," "Grand York Shopping Center," "Ridgely Plaza," and "Timonium Mall" at the intersection of York Rd. and Ridgely Rd. (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4086.01, 4086.02, and 4088)

MRC No. 6—Includes the planned center known as "Harundale Mall" and establishments in the area bounded by Aquahart Rd., Governor Ritchie Hwy., the south property line of Harundale Mall, and B & A RR. (Anne Arundel County) (In tract 7304)

MRC No. 7—Includes the planned centers known as "Harford Mall," "Tollgate Town Center," and "Bel Air Plaza" and the establishments on Bolton St. (618-660) and Tollgate Rd. (10-728). (Bel Air) (In tracts 3035 and 3038)

MRC No. 8—Includes the planned center known as "White Marsh Mall," bounded by White Marsh Run, Honeygo Blvd., and Perry Hall Blvd. (Baltimore County) (In tract 4406)

MRC No. 9—Includes the planned centers known as "Liberty Plaza," "Liberty Court," "Savoy Plaza," and "Luskin Plaza," bounded by Church Ln., Old Court Rd., Glen Michael Ln., Old Court Rd., Liberty Rd., and Brenbrook Dr. (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4023.01, 4023.02, 4025.03, and 4026.02)

BALTIMORE, MD., SMSA—Con.

MRC No. 10—Includes the planned center known as "Perring Parkway Shopping Center," bounded by Perring Pkwy., Oakleigh Rd., Perring Manor Rd., and McClean Blvd. (Baltimore and Baltimore County) (In tracts 4921.02, 2707.01, and 2707.03)

MRC No. 11—Includes the planned centers known as "Towson Plaza" and "Dulaney Valley Shopping Center" and establishments in the area bounded by Fairmount Ave., Joppa Rd., Delaware Ave., Pennsylvania Ave., Valley Rd., York Ave., Allegheny Ave., Washington Ave., York Rd., and Lambourne Rd. (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4903.01, 4907.02, and 4909)

MRC No. 12—Includes the planned centers known as "Westview Shopping Center" and "Ingleside Shopping Center" and establishments on Baltimore National Pike from Johnny Cake Rd. to the Baltimore Beltway. (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4007.01, 4011.01, and 4013.01)

MRC No. 13—Includes the planned center known as "Hunt Valley Mall," bounded by McCormick Rd., York Rd., and Shawan Rd. (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4084 and 4089)

MRC No. 14—Includes the planned center known as "Security Square Mall," bounded by Security Blvd., Baltimore County Beltway (Interstate 695), Route 70-N, and Rolling Rd. (Baltimore County) (In tract 4015.01)

MRC No. 15—Includes the planned centers known as "Perring Plaza," "North Plaza," and "Satyr Hills Shopping Center," bounded by Perring Pkwy., Waltham Woods Rd., Joppa Rd., the property line of Satyr Hill Center, Satyr Hill Rd., and the Baltimore County Beltway (Interstate 695). (Baltimore County) (In tracts 4917.01 and 4919)

MRC No. 16—Includes the planned centers known as "Reisterstown Road Plaza," "Falstaff Shopping Center," "Patterson Village Shopping Center," and "Brookhill Shopping Center" and establishments on both sides of Reisterstown Rd. from Kenshaw Ave. to the alley at the north end of Falstaff Shopping Center, and on Labrinth Rd. and Patterson Ave. (Baltimore) (In tracts 2720.01 and 2801.01)

MRC No. 17—Includes the planned center known as "Parole Plaza Shopping Center" and establishments in the area bounded by West St., Somerville Rd., Solomon Island Rd. (State Hwy. 2), Forest Dr., and Riva Rd. (Anne Arundel County) (In tract 7024)

MRC No. 18—Includes the planned center known as "Kenilworth Bazaar," bounded by the Baltimore County Beltway (Interstate 695), the property line, Kenilworth Dr., and the property line. (Baltimore County) (In tract 4903.01)

BALTIMORE, MD., SMSA—Con.

MRC No. 19—Includes the planned center known as "Annapolis Mall," bounded by Bestgate Rd., the northeast property boundary, Jennifer Rd., West St. ext., and Generals Hwy. (Anne Arundel County) (In tracts 7024 and 7027)

MRC No. 20—Includes the planned centers known as "Glen Burnie Mall" and "Governor Ritchie Plaza Shopping Center" and establishments at the intersection of New Ordnance Rd. and Governor Ritchie Hwy. (Rt. 2). (Anne Arundel County) (In tracts 7508.02 and 7512)

CUMBERLAND, MD.-W. VA., SMSA

Cumberland CBD—Includes the area bounded by the B & O RR., U.S. Hwy. 48, and the state boundary line. (Entire tract 9)

HAGERSTOWN, MD., SMSA

Hagerstown CBD—Includes the area bounded by WM RY., Mulberry St., Washington St., Mill St., Frederick St., Baltimore St., Walnut Ln., Washington St., and Burhans Blvd. (Entire tracts 4, 5.01, and 7.01)

MRC No. 1—Includes the planned center known as "Valley Mall," bounded by Halfway Blvd., Massey Blvd., Nursery Rd., and the west property line of Valley Mall. (Washington County) (In tract 9)

APPENDIX J.

Major Retail Center Delineation by Geographic Areas

[Delineation identification symbols: "CSAC"—delineated by Census Statistical Areas Committee, "L"—delineated by other local organization, "N"—no delineation since area had no MRC's in 1982, "NP"—nonparticipating area (no MRC delineation participation could be obtained). For definition of each SMSA, see appendix D]

AREA	MRC DELINEATOR
Baltimore SMSA	CSAC
Cumberland, Md.-W. Va., SMSA	N
Hagerstown SMSA	CSAC



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PUBLICATION PROGRAM

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Publications of the 1982 Census of Retail Trade, containing data on retail establishments in the United States, are described below. Publications order forms for the specific reports may be obtained from any Department of Commerce district office or from Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Publications), Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. The first results were issued in preliminary reports. Final detailed statistics are issued in separate paperbound reports, which subsequently are assembled and reissued in clothbound volumes.

Final Reports

Geographic area series—52 reports (RC82-A-1 to -52)

A separate paperbound report is being published for each State, the District of Columbia, and the United States. Each report presents general statistics for establishments with payroll, on number of establishments, sales, payroll, and employment, by varied retail classifications. Data for all establishments (establishments with payroll and establishments without payroll) are presented on number of establishments, sales, and number of proprietorships and partnerships, only for total retail trade. All statistics are presented for the State, SMSA's, counties, and places with 2,500 inhabitants or more. Greater kind-of-business detail is shown for larger areas. For each State, the District of Columbia, and the United States, 1982 data are provided for all establishments on sales per capita, number of inhabitants per establishment, and sales per establishment, only for total retail trade. In addition, for establishments with payroll, data are shown by kind of business on sales and employees per establishment and sales and payroll per employee. Comparative statistics showing percent changes in sales and payroll between 1977 and 1982 are shown by kind of business for establishments with payroll and, for all establishments, only for total retail trade.

Major retail center series—51 reports (RC82-C-1 to -51)

A separate report is being issued for each State and the District of Columbia. Each report presents statistics for retail establishments with payroll by varied kind-of-business detail on number, sales, payroll, and employment. In addition, data for all establishments are presented on number and sales only for total retail trade.

Data are shown for each SMSA in the State, each central city and all other SMSA cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more, each central business district (CBD), and all other major retail centers (MRC's) in the SMSA.

Descriptions of the boundaries of each CBD and MRC also are included.

Industry series—56 reports (RC82-I-1, 2, 3 (1 to 53), and 4)

The first report (RC82-I-1) presents data based on size of establishment, size of company or firm (firm size is based on all establishments operated by a firm within the same kind of business or kind-of-business group for which data are presented), and legal form of organization. Establishment statistics are presented by sales size and by employment size; statistics for firms, by sales size (including concentration by largest firms), by employment size, and by number of establishments operated (single units and multiunits). Statistics are presented for establishments with payroll by kind of business on the number of establishments, sales, payroll, and employment for the United States and, for all establishments, only for total retail trade.

A report (RC82-I-2) on measures of value produced, capital expenditures, depreciable assets, and operating expenses presents data for retail

firms with payroll for the United States by major kinds of business. Data also are provided on sales, purchases, and beginning and ending inventories. Measures of value produced include gross margin, value added, and net income produced at market prices and factor costs. Operating expenses include annual payroll, supplemental labor costs, purchased services, etc.

The merchandise line sales series (RC82-I-3 (1 to 53)) presents data on major categories of merchandise sold by retail kinds of business for each State and the District of Columbia, each SMSA, and the United States as a whole. Data for States and most SMSA's will be available on microfiche only. Tables present data for establishments with payroll for each kind of business and show, for each merchandise line, the number of establishments handling the line and their sales of the line; the percentage of total sales of the kind of business accounted for by each of the lines carried; and, for establishments actually handling a specific line, the percentage of their total sales represented by sales of that line. Summary statistics also are provided for the 34 broad merchandise line categories, including counts of establishments and the amount and percent of the line sold by various kinds of retail businesses.

A miscellaneous subjects report (RC82-I-4) contains special statistics on eating and drinking places, gasoline service stations and liquefied petroleum (LP) gas dealers, and other miscellaneous subjects. Data are presented for the United States as a whole and, where feasible, for States and SMSA's.

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